### HITACHI PROGRAMMABLE AUTOMATION CONTROLLER



# APPLICATION MANUAL (Motion) (SERVICE MANUAL)

#### O Warranty period and coverage

The warranty period is the shorter period either 18 months from the date of manufacture or 12 months from the date of installation.

However within the warranty period, the warranty will be void if the fault is due to;

- (1) Incorrect use as directed in this manual and the application manual.
- (2) Malfunction or failure of external other devices than this unit.
- (3) Attempted repair by unauthorized personnel.
- (4) Natural disasters.

The warranty is for the PLC only, any damage caused to third party equipment by malfunction of the PLC is not covered by the warranty.

#### O Repair

Any examination or repair after the warranty period is not covered. And within the warranty period any repair and examination which results in information showing the fault was caused by any of the items mentioned above, the repair and examination cost are not covered. If you have any questions regarding the warranty please contact with your supplier or the local Hitachi Distributor. (Depending on failure part, examination might be impossible.)

#### O Ordering parts or asking questions

When contacting us for repair, ordering parts or inquiring about other items, please have the following details ready before contacting the place of purchase.

- (1) Model
- (2) Manufacturing number (MFG.NO.)
- (3) Details of the malfunction

#### O Reader of this manual

This manual is described for the following person.

- · Person considering the introduction of PLC
- PLC system engineer
- · Person handling PLC
- · Manager after installing PLC

#### Warning

- (1) This manual may not be reproduced in its entirety or ant portion thereof without prior consent.
- (2) The content of this document may be changed without notice.
- (3) This document has been created with utmost care. However, if errors or questionable areas are found, please contact us.

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# **Safety Precautions**

Read this manual and related documents thoroughly before installing, operating, performing preventive maintenance or performing inspection, and be sure to use the unit correctly. Use this product after acquiring adequate knowledge of the unit, all safety information, and all cautionary information. Also, make sure this manual enters the possession of the chief person in charge of safety maintenance.

Safety caution items are classifies as "Danger" and "Caution" in this document.



: Cases where if handled incorrectly a dangerous circumstance may be created, resulting in possible death or severe injury.



: Cases where if handled incorrectly a dangerous circumstance may be created, resulting in possible minor to medium injury to the body, or only mechanical damage

However, depending on the circumstances, items marked with



may result in major accidents.

In any case, they both contain important information, so please follow them closely.

Icons for prohibited items and required items are shown blow:



: Indicates prohibited items (items that may not be performed). For example, when open flames are prohibited, is shown.



: Indicates required items (items that must be performed). For example, when grounding must be performed,



is shown.

#### 1. Installation

## ♠ CAUTION

- Use this product in an environment as described in the catalog and this document.

  If this product is used in an environment subject to high temperature, high humidity, excessive dust, corrosive gases, vibration or shock, it may result in electric shock, fire or malfunction.
- Perform installation according to this manual.
   If installation is not performed adequately, it may result in dropping, malfunction or an operational error in the unit.
- Do not allow foreign objects such as wire chips to enter the unit. They may become the cause of fire, malfunction or failure.

#### 2. Wiring



• Always perform grounding (FE terminal).

If grounding is not performed, there is a risk of electric shocks and malfunctions.

# **↑** CAUTION

• Connect power supply that meets rating.

If a power supply that does not meet rating is connected, fire may be caused.

• The wiring operation should be performed by qualified personnel.

If wiring is performed incorrectly, it may result in fire, damage, or electric shock.

#### 3. Precautions before using

# **DANGER**

• Do not touch the terminals while the power is on.

There is a risk of electric shock.

• Structure the emergency stop circuit, interlock circuit, etc. outside the programmable controller (hereinafter referred to as PLC).

Damage to the equipment or accidents may occur due to failure of the PLC.

However, do not interlock the unit to external load via relay drive power supply of the relay output module.

# 

• When performing program change, forced output, RUN, STOP, etc., while the unit is running, be sure to verify safety.

Damage to the equipment or accidents may occur due to operation error.

• Supply power according to the power–up order.

Damage to the equipment or accidents may occur due to malfunctions.

# ♠ CAUTION

DO NOT CONNECT EH-PSD/HX-PSD DIRECTLY TO LINE VOLTAGE. LINE VOLTAGE MUST BE SUPPLIED BY A SUITABLE, APPROVED ISOLATING TRANSFORMER HAVING SHORT CIRCUIT CAPACITY NOT EXCEEDING 150VA MAXIMUM.

#### 4. Preventive maintenance

# **DANGER**

• Do not connect the battery (+) and (-) in reverse. Do not charge, disassemble, heat, place in fire, or short circuit the battery. There is a risk of explosion or fire.

# PROHIBITED

• Do not disassemble or modify the unit. Electric shock, malfunction or failure may result.

# **⚠** CAUTION

• Turn off the power supply before removing or attaching module/unit. Electric shock, malfunction or failure may result.

# **Revision History**

No.	Description of revision	Date of revision	Manual number
1	The first edition	2018.1	NJI-650(X)

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MEMO

# Chapter 1 Introduction of SoftMotion

### 1.1 Features

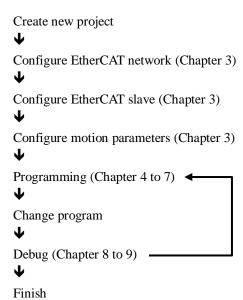
The HX-series CPU module (hereinafter called HX-CPU) supports SoftMotion functionality with built-in Ethernet port configured as EtherCAT master. Variety of motion controls such as single axis positioning, synchronous control with electronic cam, speed control, torque control can be performed. The commands for motion control are basically standard function blocks defined by PLCopen®\*.

EtherCAT slaves of servo drives supporting CiA402 drive profile can be operated easily without users considering status word, control word, mode register and other mapping parameters.

\* PLCopen is a worldwide association to standardize global standard IEC61131-3. Motion control library, safety, XML specification and other standard not defined in IEC61131-3 are defined by PLCopen.

### 1.2 Steps to Set Up

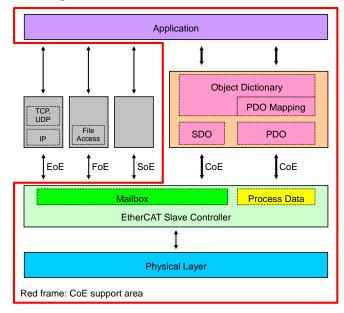
The following steps are required for motion control.



#### 1.3 EtherCAT Communication

#### 1.3.1 EtherCAT Communication Architecture

HX-CPU SoftMotion is to access slave devices in EtherCAT network. Communication protocol for motion control is CAN application protocol over EtherCAT (CoE), and supported profile is IEC61800-7 (CiA402). EtherCAT architecture is shown in the block diagram below.



CoE support area

#### 1.3.2 CoE Profile

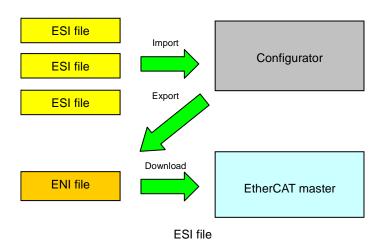
2 types of communication are defined in CoE. The one is PDO (process data object) and the other is SDO (service data object). PDO is cyclic communication to object dictionary which can be mapped as PDO. SDO is non-cyclic message communication to whole the object dictionary.

PDO: From application view point, data is accessed in cyclic as variables (I/O) mapped in PDO mapping table.

SDO: From application view point, data is accessed by special function block in user program or by startup parameters (as initial values).

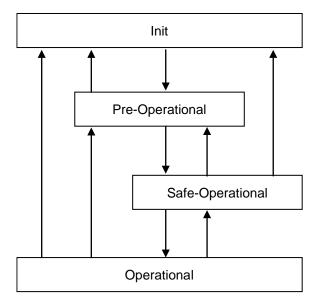
#### 1.3.3 **ESI File**

Vendor name, device group, PDO mapping, sync manager and other parameters of the EtherCAT<sup>®</sup> slave are defined in ESI (EtherCAT Slave Information). When ESI file is installed in configurator (HX-CODESYS), ENI file having network information is created, which will be downloaded to the EtherCAT master.



#### 1.3.4 EtherCAT State Machine

EtherCAT slaves follow ESM (EtherCAT State Machine), which is controlled by an EtherCAT master. Availability of PDO and SDO are defined according to ESM.



State transitions

#### Available communication

Status	Description	SDO	PDO	
Init	Under initialization of communication.			
IIIIt	No service is available.	-	-	
	Only SDO is available.			
Pre-Operational	After initialization completed, the state goes to	✓	-	
	pre-operational mode.			
	Besides SDO communication, input of PDO			
Safe-Operational	communication is available. If an error is found in	./	✓	
Sale-Operational	operational mode, the state goes to safe-operational	·	(input only)	
	mode.			
	Normal communication state.			
Operational	Input and output of PDO communication are	✓	✓	
	available.			

## MEMO

# Chapter 2 Precautions

If DC (Distributed Clock) is enabled, be sure to follow the instructions below. DC is a function to compensate hardware delay by sharing system clock between a master and all slaves. If slaves do not receive data from master within specified time, slaves stop operation with DC error.

### 2.1 Project Settings

Be sure to set the following parameters according to your system configuration.

#### 2.1.1 DC Cycle Time

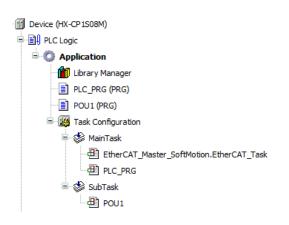
Set appropriate DC cycle time. The table below shows recommended cycle time according to the number of axes, however these values are based on the minimum conditions (small user program without additional communication load such as Modbus). Set appropriate cycle time according to your system configurations.

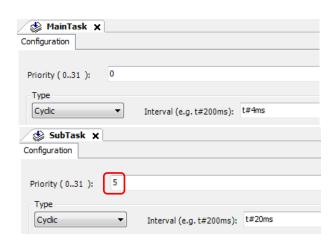
The number of axes	DC cycle time
1 to 4	2ms
5 to 8	4ms
9 or more	8ms

#### 2.1.2 Priority of Task

Be sure to set 0 for the EtherCAT task (EtherCAT\_Master\_SoftMotion.EtherCAT.Task). If the EtherCAT master device is added, it will be allocated under MainTask (priority 0) automatically. If 2 or more tasks exist, it will be allocated under the task located at the top. POU handling motion control should be executed by the EtherCAT task.

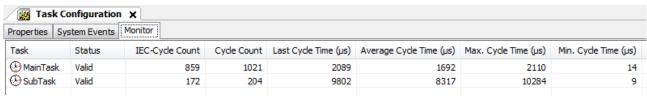
Other programs than motion control and time consuming programs should be separated from motion control and executed by lower priority task than MainTask. Set priority 5 or lower (5 to 31) to this task. In the figure below, SubTask with priority 5 is added and POU1 is assigned.





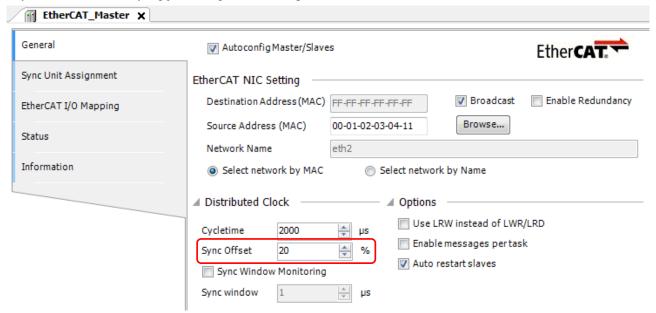
#### **Task Cycle Time**

Actual cycle time of each task can be monitored in [Task Configuration]. Double-click [Task Configuration] in device tree and choose [Monitor] tab.



#### 2.1.3 Sync Offset

Allowable jitter of EtherCAT frame for DC synchronization can be set in Sync Offset. Default value is 20%. If DC synchronization fails by big jitter, set greater value up to 50%.

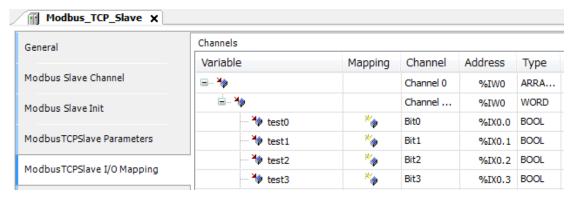


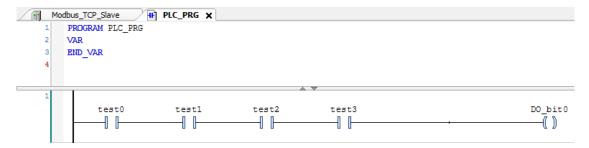
#### 2.1.4 I/O Mapping

There are 2 different mappings available to access external I/O and Modbus I/O. The one is that variables are directly mapped in mapping table and used in POUs. The other is that variables are declared in POU or GVL and referred from mapping table.

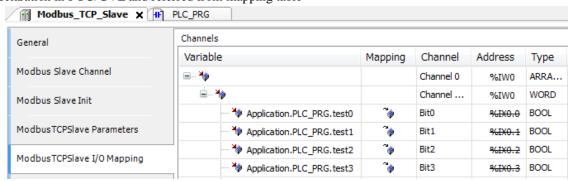
The secondary mentioned mapping could give extra CPU load when online change, which can lead to DC synchronous failure. If this mapping is necessary, do not map more than 200 variables to be referred. If variables over 200 are to be mapped, use direct mapping.

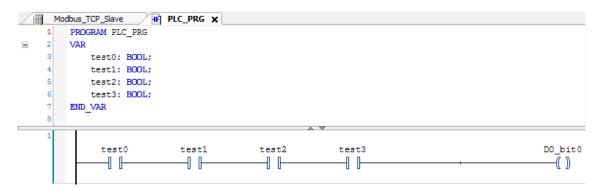
#### (1) Direct mapping





#### (2) Declaration in POU/GVL and referred from mapping table





## 2.2 Restrictions of Function

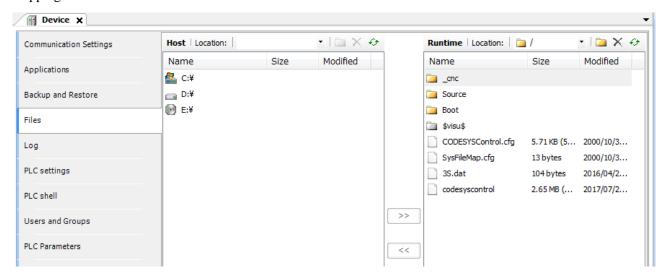
Do not use functions below while PLC is in RUN status, otherwise DC synchronous could fail.

#### 2.2.1 FTP Server

Since FTP server could have heavy load on communication process of CPU, do not use it when PLC is in RUN status. If it is necessary to use while CPU running, use it only when drives are stopping.

#### 2.2.2 File Transfer

Since file transfer function in [Device]-[File] could have heavy load on communication process of CPU, do not use it when PLC is in RUN status. If it is necessary to use while CPU running, use it only when drives are stopping.

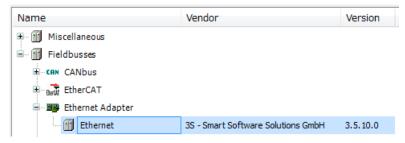


## 2.3 Restrictions of Configuration

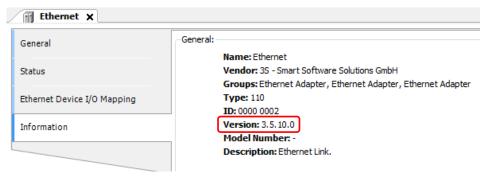
Follow the instruction below, otherwise DC synchronous could fail.

#### 2.3.1 Modbus-TCP Master / Slave

Be sure to use an Ethernet Adapter version 3.5.10.0 or newer. The Ethernet Adapter is required when using Modbus-TCP master or slave.

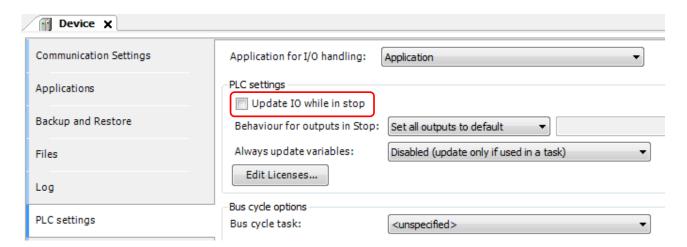


Device version can be seen in [Information] tab.



#### 2.3.2 PLC Settings (Update IO while in stop)

Update IO while in stop of HX-CP1S08M is disabled as default.



#### CAUTION

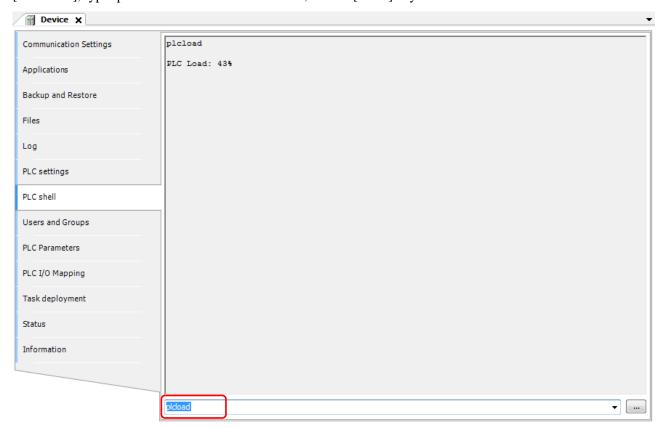
<u>Do not enable this parameter</u>, otherwise drives could move rapidly when reset operation (Reset warm, Reset cold, Reset origin) because target position is reset at that time. If this parameter is to be enabled, be sure to check carefully how drives react for reset operation when the current position is not 0.

### 2.4 CPU Load

If CPU load exceeds 80%, CPU stops with processor overload exception (error code 25). Check the CPU load as follows and make your application program so as not to exceed 80%.

#### 2.4.1 PLC Shell

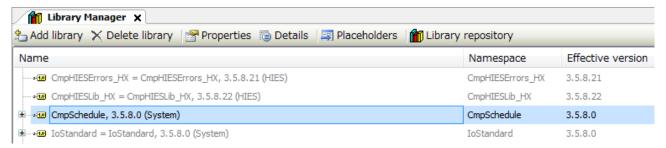
CPU load can be checked manually with PLC shell function of HX-CODESYS. Double-click [Device], choose [PLC shell], type 'plcload' in the field at the bottom, and hit [Enter] key. The current CPU load is shown.



#### 2.4.2 CmpSchedule Library

CPU load can be taken with a special function in your application program. This could be used for warning of CPU load.

(1) Add CmpSchedule library.



(2) CPU load is taken by output of FUNCTION SchedGetProcessorLoad.

```
SchedGetProcessorLoad

—pResult POINTER TO RTS_IEC_RESULT UDINT SchedGetProcessorLoad—
```

#### Sample program

#### FBD/LD

ST

```
PROGRAM POU_ST

PROGRAM POU_ST

VAR

result: INT;
plcload: UDINT;

END_VAR

plcload:=SchedGetProcessorload(ADR(result));

plcload:=SchedGetProcessorload(ADR(result));
```

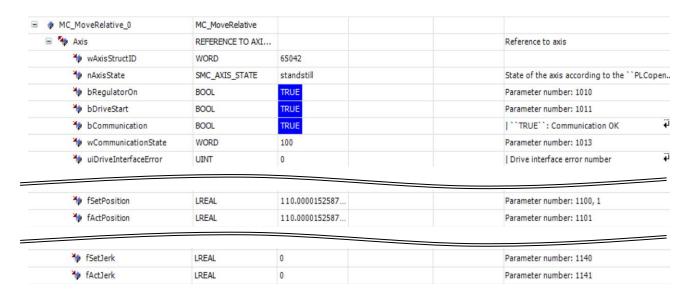
### 2.5 Other Tips

#### 2.5.1 Data Type of Axis

Data type of axis used in motion FBs is AXIS\_REF\_SM3 having more than hundreds of members.



The data of AXIS\_REF\_SM3 members can be monitored however, only variables mapped in PDO can be updated basically. For example, actual position fActPosition is updated in realtime, but actual jerk fActJerk is always 0.

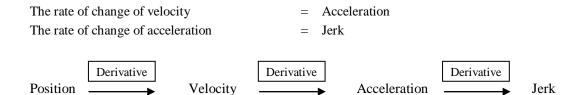


#### 2.5.2 Jerk

Jerk is the rate of change of acceleration.

The rate of change of position

The relation of position, velocity, acceleration and jerk are shown as follows.



Velocity

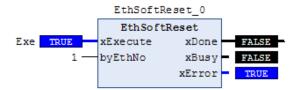
#### 2.5.3 EthSoftReset Command

 $Function\ block\ Eth SoftReset\ in\ CmpHIESLib\_HX\ library\ is\ to\ reset\ Ethernet\ port.$ 

EthSoftReset is to reset a designated Ethernet port in hardware level. If Ethernet port does not work due to hardware reasons, it could restore by executing this function block.

The HX-CPU (HX-CP1S08M) does not support this function block because this FB may affect motion control even if designated port is different from motion control. If executed, xError output will be activated as follows.

Just in case a port is out of control, try to restore by reset warm or power rebooting (CPU stops by reset warm).



# Chapter 3 Configuration of EtherCAT and Motion Axis

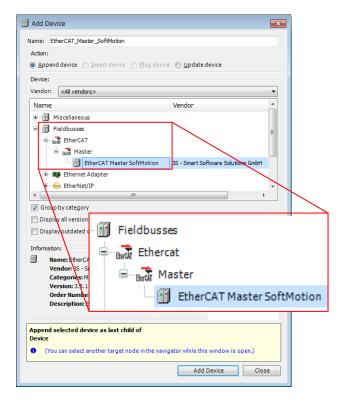
### 3.1 EtherCAT Network

#### 3.1.1 EtherCAT Master

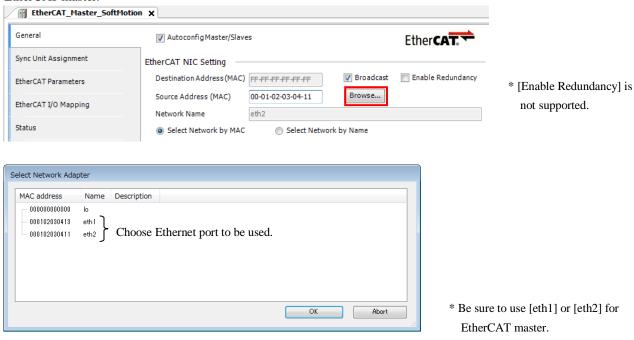
Right-click on [Device] and choose [Add Device...]. [Add Device] window appears.

Click [EtherCAT Master SoftMotion] and [Add Device] button.





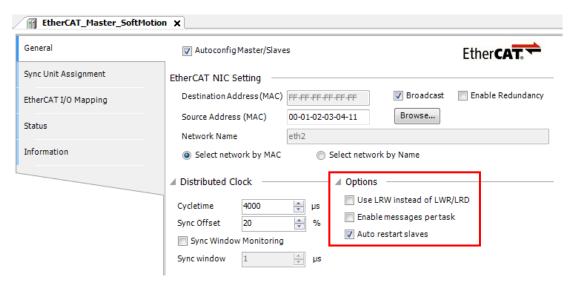
Double click [EtherCAT\_Master\_SoftMotion (EtherCAT Master SoftMotion)] to configure Ethernet port. After communication between PC and HX-CPU configured, click [Browse...] button and choose Ethernet port for the EtherCAT master.



NOTE

Only one EtherCAT master can be configured per CPU module. If two or more EtherCAT master devices are configured, performance of EtherCAT may be degraded or DC synchronization may be lost.

Click mark at [Options] to open optional setting parameters.



#### Use LRW instead of LWR/LRD

Disable: Read command (LRD) and write command (LWR) are used.

Enable: Read/write command (LRW) is used.

If LRW is used, communication efficiency is higher since the packet length is shorter. Be noted some of slave devices may not support LRW command (this information is written in ESI file).

If this parameter is enabled and FMMU (Fieldbus memory management unit) of slave is customized, it is possible to communicate directly between slaves without master control. FMMU setting appears in each slave device by disabling [AutoconfigMaster/Slaves] then enabling [Show generic device configuration views] in [Tool] - [Options] - [Device editor]. Customizing FMMU is for experts only. You don't have to enable this parameter because direct communication between slaves is not used in normal operation with function block.

#### Enable messages per task

Enable: Variables in PDO mapping are updated by the task of POU instead of EtherCAT task. (e.g. Even if the EtherCAT master is assigned to 4ms task, variable is transferred every 20ms cycle because the POU including this variable is assigned to 20ms task.)

Disable: Variables in PDO mapping are updated by EtherCAT task.

#### Auto restart slaves

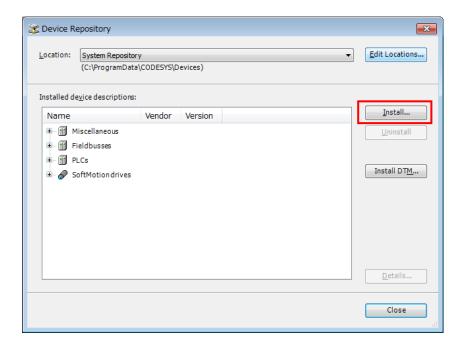
Enable: If communication stops due to cable disconnection or other temporary reasons, communication restarts automatically.

Disable: Once communication stops, it does not restart.

#### 3.1.2 Installation of ESI File

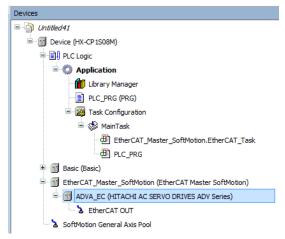
Install the ESI file (EtherCAT Slave Information file) of your EtherCAT slave devices on HX-CODESYS. This installation is required once per PC for every slave device. If you installed before, it is not necessary to install for every new project. The ESI file is provided by slave's vendor.

Choose [Tools]-[Device repository] and click [Install] button. Then new dialog appears to choose file. Click [Open] to install the ESI file.



#### 3.1.3 Slave Device

Right-click on [EtherCAT\_Master\_SoftMotion] and choose [Add Devices...]. Devices of the ESI file installed before are listed in [Add Devices] window. Choose slave devices and click [Add Device] button.



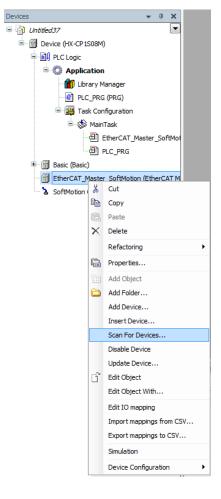
#### NOTE

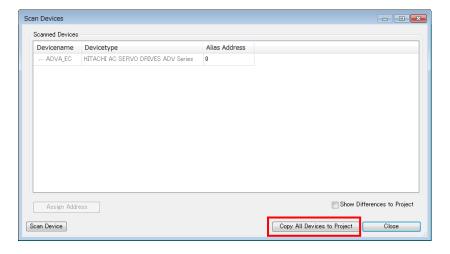
In case right ESI file is configured in the project and the ESI file is not registered in device repository (e.g. project file is opened in another PC than originally created), [?] sign is indicated at the icon as follows however, operation of PLC is no problem because information of ESI file is saved in the project file.





If slave devices are connected to EtherCAT network, configuration data can be read out from the network. This must be done in offline (logout) after online (login) once. Righ-click on [EtherCAT\_Master\_SoftMotion], choose [Scan for Devices...] and click [Copy All Devices to Project]. Then connected devices will be configured under [EtherCAT Master SoftMotion].





If ESI file for connected slave is not installed, correct device name is not read out properly. In that case, obtain right ESI file from the slave vendor and install it in [Tools]-[Device Repository].





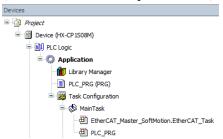
#### NOTE

If [Scan For Devices] is executed for two or more drives, they will be configured like a tree as the figure below. In this case, SoftMotion axis (SoftMotion CiA402 Axis: refer to section 3.2) cannot be added except for the drive at the bottom. If you use 2 or more drives, configure manually instead of Scan For Devices.



#### 3.1.4 EtherCAT Task Cycle

If the EtherCAT Master Softmotion is added, an object to execute the EtherCAT master will be automatically created under the task located to the top. Double click the task having [EtherCAT\_Master\_SoftMotion.EtherCAT\_Task] (MainTask in case of the picture below) to open configuration window.

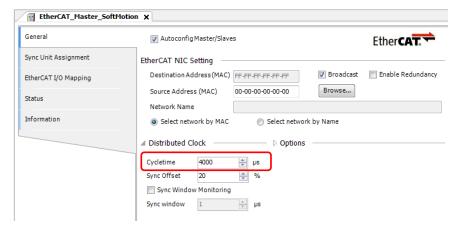


Be sure to set the same cycle time as the cycle time of Distributed Clock to this task.



#### 3.1.5 EtherCAT Distributed Clock (Master)

Distributed Clock, one of the features of EtherCAT, is used in motion control for synchronization between master and slaves in general. The type and enabling/disabling are configured in each slave device however, cycle time is set in master. Double click on [EtherCAT\_Master\_SoftMotion] and set the cycle time in [General] tab.

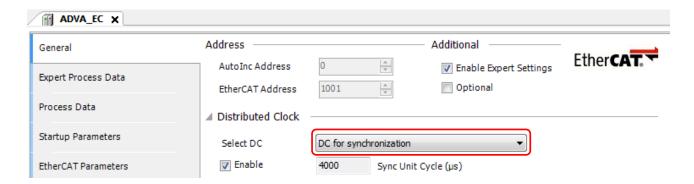


#### NOTE

- Allowable cycle time of Distributed Clock are 250μs / 500μs / 1ms / 2ms / 4ms / 8ms in general however, it is recommended to use 1 to 8ms for HX-CPU, otherwise drives do not work properly.
- Depending on the number of axes, DC synchronization could be lost. As a reference, set 2ms for 4 axes, and 4ms for 8 axes at minimum.
- If you change DC cycle time of EtherCAT, task cycle time of [EtherCAT\_Master\_SoftMotion.EtherCAT\_Task] is automatically changed. But if you change the task cycle at first, DC cycle time of EtherCAT is not changed.
- If you add the EtherCAT master device, the task cycle of EtherCAT\_Master\_SoftMotion.EtherCAT\_Task is automatically changed to 4000μs.

#### 3.1.6 EtherCAT Distributed Clock (Slave)

Double click on a slave device and configure DC types. The contents of this drop-down menu are different in drives because this information is described in ESI file. Refer to the instruction manual of drives for further information.



#### 3.1.7 Node Address

Two types of addresses, auto increment address and station alias, are available in EtherCAT. The default setting of HX-CODESYS is auto increment address.

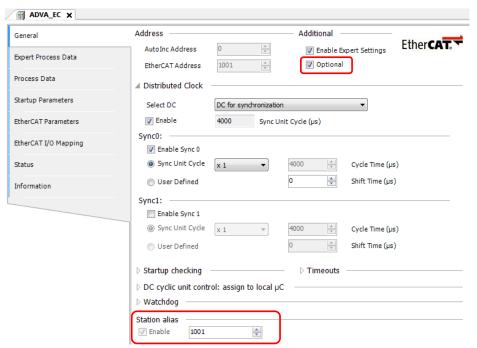
#### **Auto Increment address**

Station address is automatically assigned by a master according to physical location in the network. You don't have to set addresses on slave devices.

#### **Station Alias**

Each slave has unique address. Since this address is independent from position, you don't have to modify application program if you change EtherCAT cable routing.

Enable [Optional] at [Additional] and set [Station alias] according to the slave address.

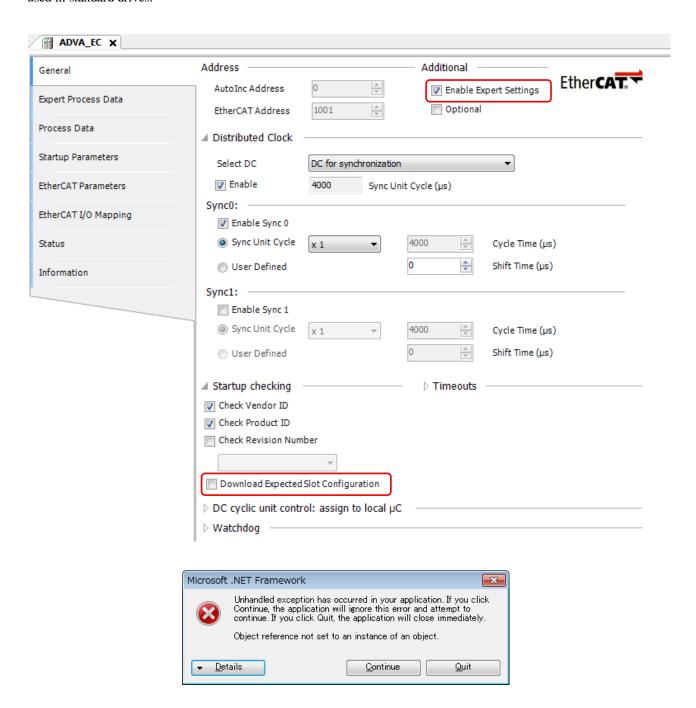


#### NOTE

If the station alias is enabled, [Auto restart slaves] does not work properly. If you need to enable [Auto restart slaves], use AutoInc address.

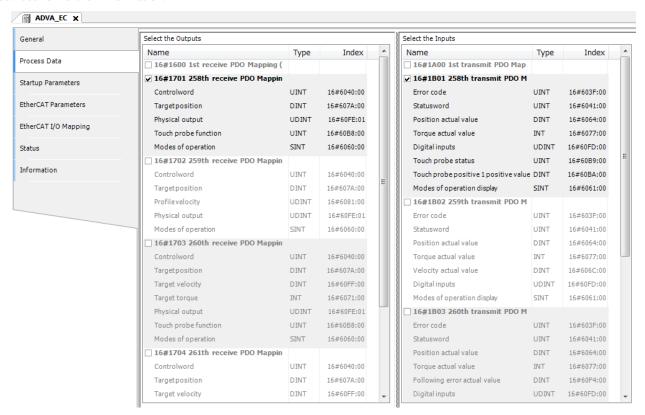
#### 3.1.8 Additional Settings

If [Enable Expert Settings] in [Additional] is activated, [Startup checking], [Timeouts] and other expert settings appear. If [Download Expected Slot Configuration] in [Startup checking] is activated, an error message might appear depending on drives. Do not activate this parameter because it is about MDP (Modular Device Profile), which is not used in standard drives.



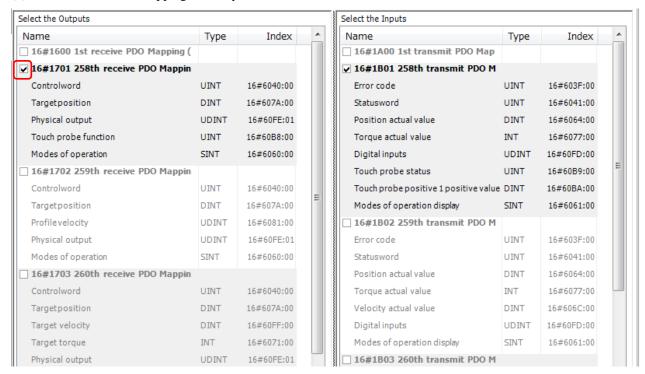
#### 3.1.9 Process Data Object

In EtherCAT communication, the data called Process Data Object (PDO) is cyclically read and written. The data structure of PDO is defined in ESI file and can be configurable by users. Please refer to instruction manual of slave devices for further information.

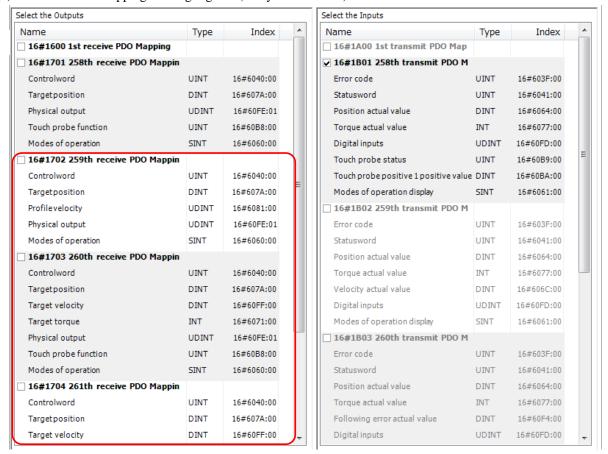


#### How to change PDO mapping

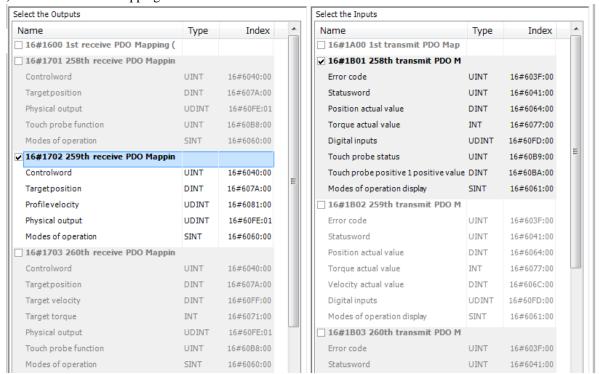
(1) Deactivate the PDO mapping currently activated.



(2) The other PDO mappings are highlighted (ready to be chosen).



(3) Choose new PDO mapping.



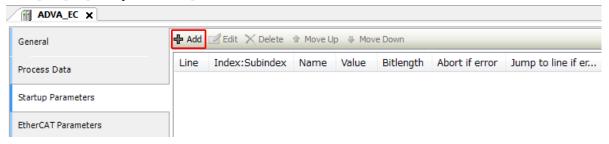
PDO mapping is seen at [EtherCAT I/O Mapping] tab. Put variable names on this mapping and create application program same as standard I/Os.

#### 3.1.10 Startup Parameters

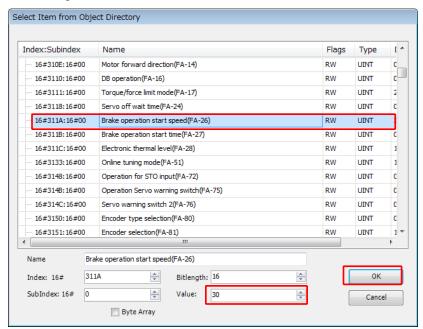
Initial value of SDO (service data object) can be set in [Startup parameter] tab. These values are set at starting of PLC. SDO can be read and written by dedicated function blocks in application program.

#### How to set Startup Parameters?

(1) Click [Add] in [Startup Parameters] tab.

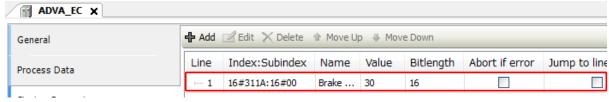


(2) Choose a parameter, enter a value and click [OK].



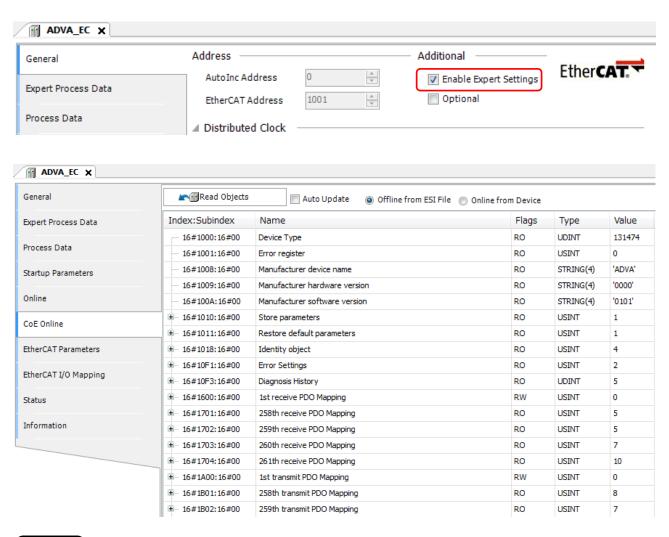
The contents of SDO parameters (object dictionary) depend on slave device. Refer to instruction manual of slave device for further information.

(3) Startup parameter is added in the list.



#### 3.1.11 Read/Write Object Dictionary

If [Enable Expert Settings] in [Additional] is activated, [CoE Online] tab appears and values of object dictionary can be read and written in this window.

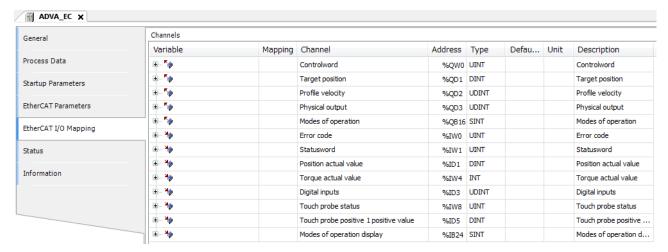


#### NOTE

Negative value cannot be set in CoE Online window. If you need to write negative value, use Startup Parameters or dedicated function blocks (ETC\_CO\_SdoWrite, etc.).

#### 3.1.12 Programming

I/O mapping of slave device is shown in [EtherCAT I/O Mapping] tab. Put variable names on this mapping and create application program same as standard I/Os.



In case of motion axis, state machine of CiA402 drive profile is controlled by dedicated function blocks. You don't have to create a program to control state machine by using Controlword, Statusword, Modes of operation and Modes of operation display. (variable field can be left as empty)

#### NOTE

- When PLC is powered up with RUN switch position in RUN, I/O refresh of the EtherCAT slaves starts about a few second after I/O refresh of standard I/O started because of configuration between the EtherCAT master and all slaves. If this delay is not accepted, use a special bit register 'EtherCAT\_Master.xConfigFinished', which turns on when EtherCAT configuration is finished. The codes below are sample program in ST language.
- Since EtherCAT communication is handled by EtherCAT\_Master task, I/O refresh cycle of the EtherCAT slave is delayed one cycle at maximum compared to I/O refresh cycle of external I/O in basic and expansion bases.

#### Sample program

Use same instance of EtherCAT master SoftMotion.

```
IF EtherCAT_Master_SoftMotion.xConfigFinished=FALSE THEN
     RETURN;
END_IF
```

Programs under END\_IF are not executed while this bit is FALSE.

#### **3.1.13 Wiring**

(1) Cable

Use category 5 or higher STP (Shielded Twisted Pair) cable.

(2) Network switch

Standard network switch is not allowed to use in EtherCAT network. If necessary, use dedicated EtherCAT hub such as CU1128 sold by Beckhoff.

#### NOTE

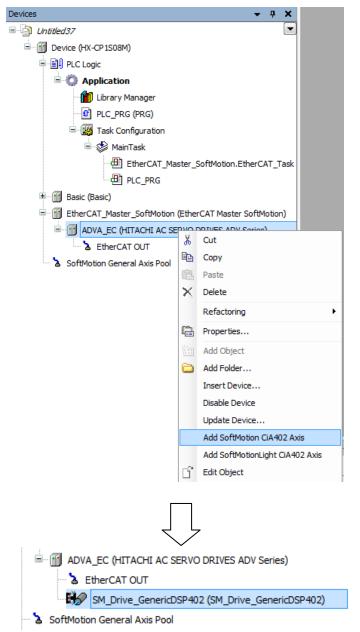
When the port is used for the EtherCAT master, do not use this port for other Ethernet based communication such as gateway (communication with HX-CODESYS or HMI), Modbus-TCP or global network variable list, otherwise EtherCAT communication performance may be limited.

# 3.2 Configuration of SoftMotion Axis

#### 3.2.1 Adding SoftMotion Axis

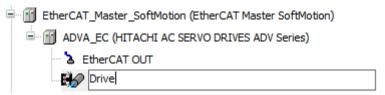
Add SoftMotion axis to EtherCAT slave drives, so as to use motion control libraries.

Right click on slave drive and choose [Add SoftMotion CiA402 Axis].

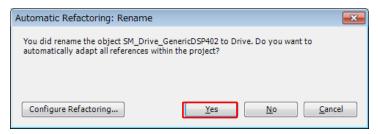


#### 3.2.2 Renaming SoftMotion Axis

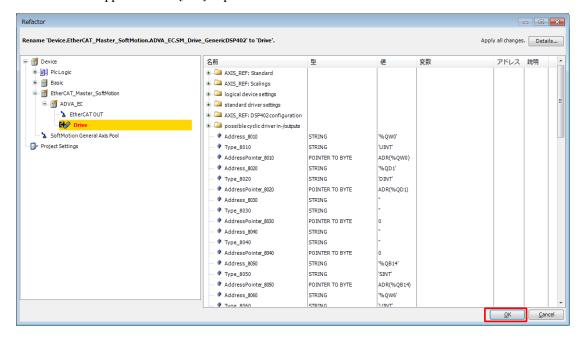
The name of SoftMotion axis can be renamed by single clicking or right-mouse clicking menu [Refactoring] on SoftMotion axis. Since this name is used as an instance of axis (AXIS\_REF\_SM3) in all the motion function blocks, shorter name would be easy to handle.



If the instance name is changed, a dialog appears to adapt automatically all references. Click [Yes] to proceed.

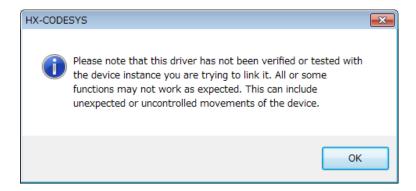


Then reference list appears. Click [OK] to proceed.



### NOTE

If certified drive by 3S is used, the special SoftMotion axis for the drive is automatically added. If the other uncertified drive is used, you must add a generic SoftMotion axis manually. In that case, the dialog below appears. Read the message and click [OK].



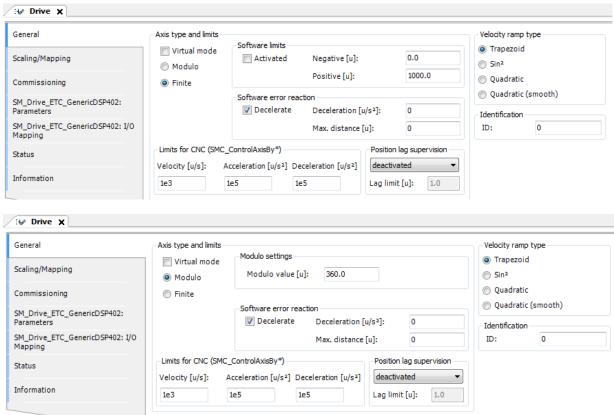
#### NOTE

If you delete a SoftMotion axis, slave status is failed (red triangle icon) because <Empty> slot is remained. If a SoftMotion axis is to be deleted, delete the slave device and add again.



#### 3.2.3 Configuration of SoftMotion Axis

Double click SoftMotion axis to open configuration parameters. [General]

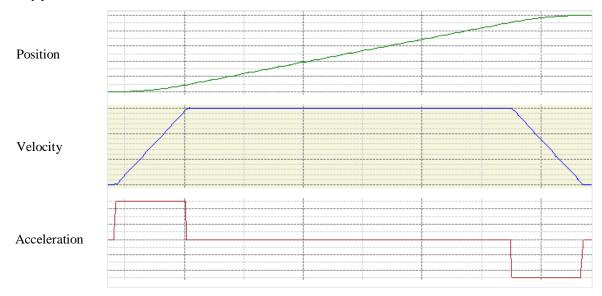


No.	Name	Description	Default
1	Axis type and limits	Virtual mode: The drive will be replaced by a simulation similar to a virtual drive device.	Disabled
		Modulo: The drive turns endlessly without limiting the traversing range (e.g. belt drive) Finite: The drive has a fixed work area (e.g. linear drive)	Finite
2	Software limits	Activate the option if you want to limit the position values.	Disabled
3	Modulo settings	The maximum value of the position value (unit: u). If the current position value exceeds the modulo value, the position value goes back to 0. It is possible to set a larger value than modulo value, but the maximum value of the current position data read out from drive is this modulo value.	360.0
4	Software error reaction	Drive decelerates with specified deceleration when the position exceeds the software limits.	Enabled
5	Limits for CNC	Define limit values for velocity, acceleration and deceleration. The limits are used by the library named SMC_ControlAxisBy* to detect jumps.	1e3, 1e5, 1e5
6	Position lag supervision	Define the reaction of the system after detection a lag error.	deactivated
7	Velocity ramp type	The velocity ramp type defines the velocity profile for the velocity generating one-axis and the master/slave-modules.  Trapezoid: Trapezoid velocity profile (with constant acceleration in each section).  Sin²: A velocity profile as defined as sin² function (with constant acceleration curve).  Quadratic: Acceleration profile in trapezoidal form with jerk limitation.  Quadratic (smooth): Like Quadratic but generates a jerk profile without jumps.	Trapezoid
8	Identification	ID: Integer identifier. Should be unique for each drive. For example, this identifier is used in the PLC log in order to identify the drive when an error occurs.	0

### Velocity ramp type

#### **Trapezoid**

Velocity profile is linear since acceleration is constant.

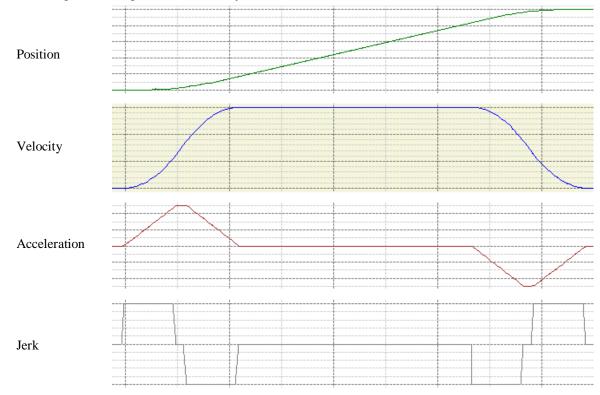


Sin<sup>2</sup>
A velocity profile as defined by the sin<sup>2</sup> function (with constant acceleration curve).



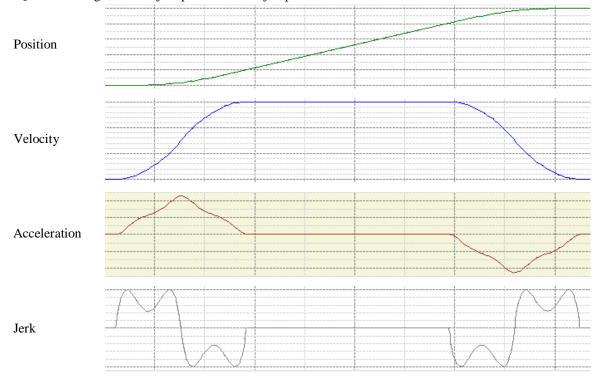
## **Quadratic**

Acceleration profile in trapezoidal form with jerk limitation.

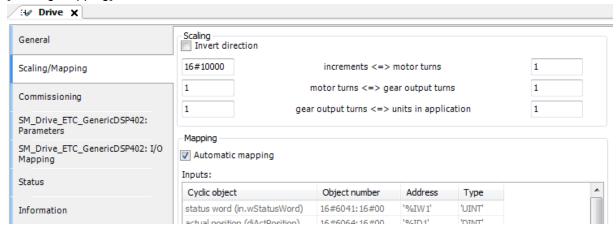


#### Quadratic (smooth)

Like Quadratic but generates a jerk profile without jump.



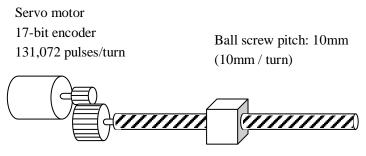
### [Scaling/Mapping]



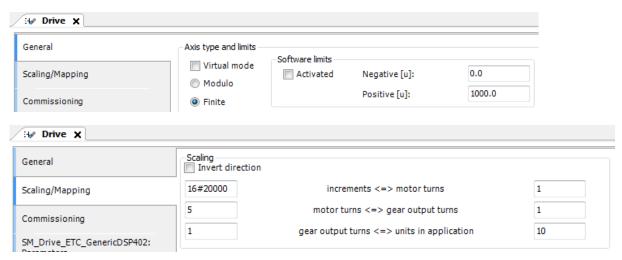
No.	Name	Description
1	Invert direction	The direction of rotation is reversed. The motor receives the
		specified values with inversed signs.
2	Increments <=> motor turns	Number of increments that correspond to a given number of
		motor rotations. You can see the parameter in the Configuration
		tab of the device editor.
		e.g. 17-bit encoder increments :16#20000, motor turns:1
		e.g. 20-bit encoder increments :16#100000, motor turns:1
3	Motor turns <=> gear output turns	Number of motor rotations that correspond to a given number of
		gear output rotations.
		e.g. motor 3 turns = gear 1 turn
		motor turns :3, gear output turns:1
4	Gear output turns <=> units in application	Number of gear output rotations that correspond to a unit in the
		application.
		e.g. gear 1 turn = 1mm movement with ball screw
		gear output turns :1, units in application:1
		e.g. gear 1 turn = 0.1mm movement with ball screw
		gear output turns :10, units in application:1
5	Automatic mapping	IEC parameters that affect the drive are automatically mapped to
		the corresponding inputs and outputs of the device.



#### Example 1

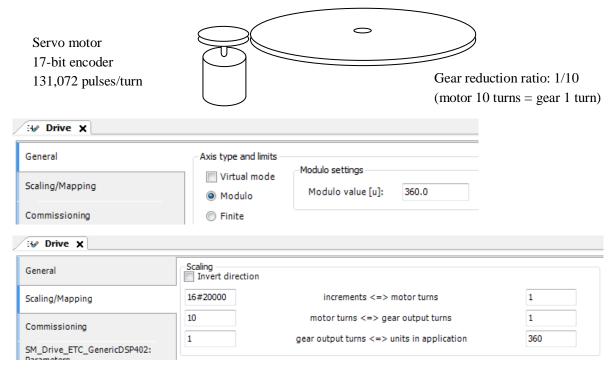


Gear reduction ratio: 1/5 (motor 5 turns = gear 1 turn)



In this case, if you set 10 units for distance, motor rotates 5 turns, and consequently the table of ball screw moves 10mm. (10 units equals to 10 mm)

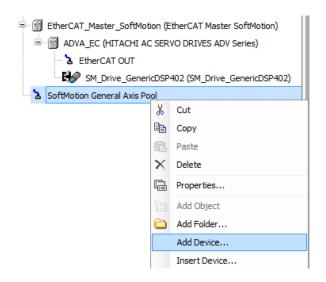
#### Example 2



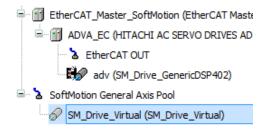
In this case, if you set 360 units for distance, motor rotates 10 turns, and consequently the turn table rotates 1 turn (360 degrees). (360 units equals to 360 degrees)

#### 3.2.4 Virtual Axis

Virtual drives are simulated drives in software. If a virtual axis is configured as a master axis and real axes are configured as slaves, synchronous motion control can be easily realized by controlling the master axis with using cam and gear functions. Right-click on [SoftMotion General Axis Pool] and choose [Add Device...]. Then [Add Device] window appears. Click [SM\_Drive\_Virtual].





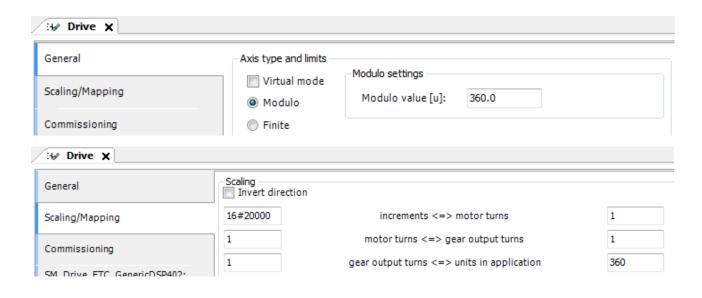


If this 'SM\_Drive\_Virtual', which can be renamed, is set to axis input (AXIS\_REF\_SM3) of motion function blocks, virtual drive can be controlled as same as real drives.

# MEMO

# Chapter 4 Manual Operation

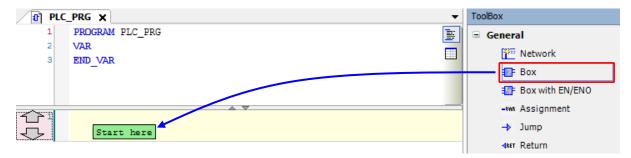
In this chapter, it's described about how to configure and program with the HX-CPU and the servo drives. Configure parameters according to your drives. (In this sample, 17-bit encoder (resolution 131,072 = #20000) is used.



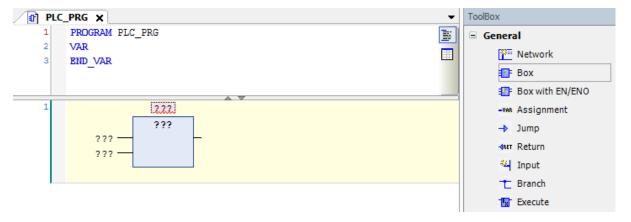
## 4.1 Servo-On

The servo drive is activated (energized) by the command MC\_Power.

(1) Drag the [Box] to Start here and release it.



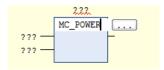
Then an undefined function block is created.



(2) Specify the function block by either of the following ways.

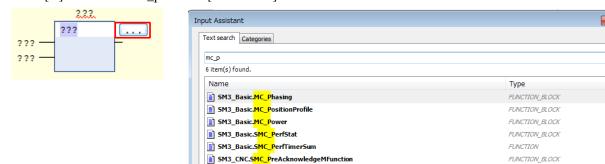
#### Direct typing

Type 'MC\_Power' at '???' in the function block and hit [Enter] key.



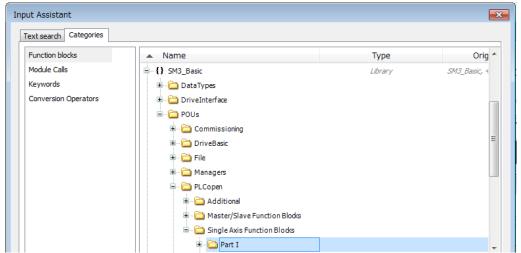
#### Search in Input Assistant

Click [...] and search 'mc\_power' at [Text search] tab.

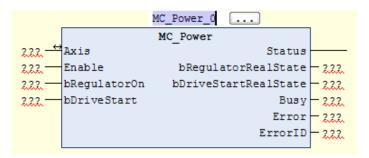


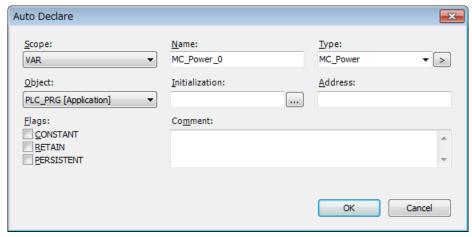
#### Choose in Input Assistant

Click [...] and choose 'MC\_Power' under SM3\_Basic library in [Categories] tab.

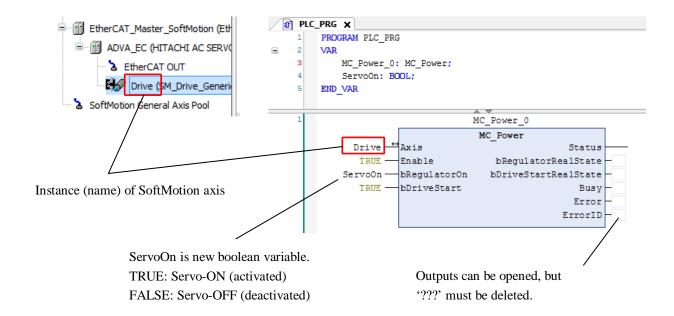


(3) New instance 'MC\_Power\_0' is automatically assigned. Hit [Enter] key to open Auto Declare dialog. Click [OK] or hit [Enter] key to close the dialog.



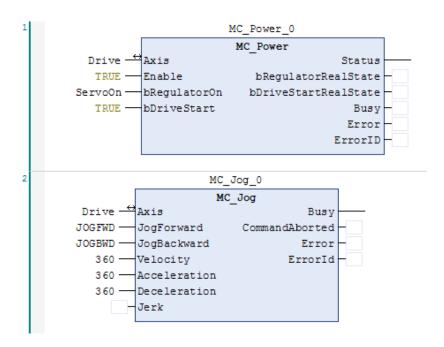


(4) Set inputs and outputs



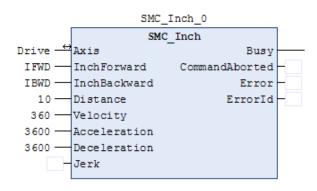
## 4.2 Jogging

Add MC\_Power and MC\_Jog as same like the last section and put inputs and outputs as the sample below. After servo-ON by setting TRUE to servoOn input, the motor rotates in forward direction with velocity 360 [u/s] and acceleration 360 [u/s $^2$ ] while JOGFWD input is TRUE. If JOGBWD is TRUE, the motor rotates in backward direction. If the both JOGFWD and JOGBWD are TRUE, motor stops.



# 4.3 Inching

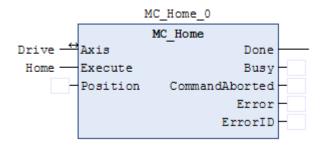
While IFWD input is TRUE, the motor rotates in forward direction with distance 10, velocity 360 [u/s] and acceleration 3600  $[u/s^2]$ . While IBWD input is TRUE, the motor rotates in backward direction with same distance, velocity and acceleration. If the both IFWD and IBWD are TRUE, motor stops.



# Chapter 5 Single-Axis Control

# 5.1 Homing

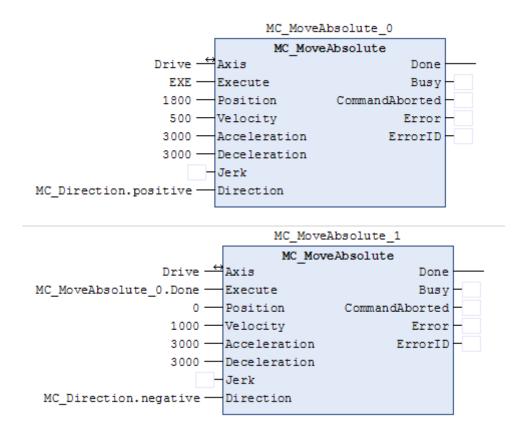
If this function block is executed, the axis performs homing according to the homing method, velocity, acceleration and other parameters configured in the drive. Those parameters can be set by startup parameters or mailbox (function block such as ETC\_CO\_SdoWrite, etc.) or special configuration software provided by drive's vendor.



## 5.2 Position Control

A sample program is introduced about MC\_MoveAbsolute with absolute position.

When EXE input is TRUE, the axis goes to position 1800 [u] with velocity 500 [u/s] and acceleration 3000 [u/s $^2$ ]. As soon as arrived, the axis goes back to position 0 [u] with velocity 1000 [u/s] and acceleration 3000 [u/s $^2$ ].



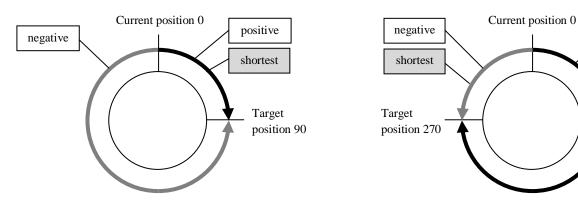
#### **Direction in modulo**

If direction is specified as shortest or fastest, actual direction is determined according to the current position, gear reduction ratio and modulo value.

#### Example

Modulo value : 360 Scaling : shown as follows

16#20000	increments <=> motor turns	1
1	motor turns <=> gear output turns	1
1	gear output turns <=> units in application	360



Name	value	Description
MC Direction.fastest	3	Selects the direction automatically to reach the target position as fast as
Me_Birection.raseese	3	possible timewise. (only modulo axes)
MC_Direction.current	2	Keeps the current direction (only modulo axes)
MC_Direction.positive	1	Moves in positive direction
MC_Direction.shortest	0	Selects the direction according to the shortest distance (only modulo axes)
MC_Direction.negative	-1	Moves in negative direction

positive

The following function blocks are available for position control. Refer to chapter 7 for further information.

Function Block	Name
MC_MoveAbsolute	Moves to a specified absolute position.
MC_MoveRelative	Moves to a specified relative position.
MC_MoveAdditive	Specifies relative distance additional to the most recent commanded position.
MC_MoveSuperImposed	Specifies relative distance additional to an existing motion.
SMC_MoveContinuousAbsolute	Moves to a specified absolute position ending with the specified velocity.
SMC_MoveContinuousRelative	Moves to a specified relative position ending with the specified velocity.
MC_PositionProfile	Moves according to time-position locked motion profile.

# 5.3 Velocity Control

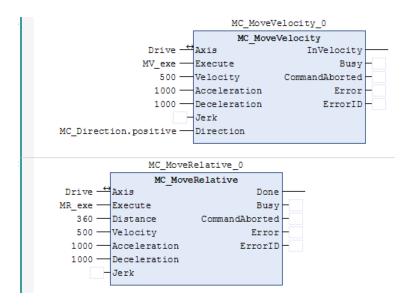
Velocity control is to specify velocity, acceleration, deceleration and jerk without specifying target position. The function block for velocity control is MC\_MoveVelocity.

#### **Change velocity**

Velocity, acceleration, deceleration and direction can be changed while movement. In order to apply new parameters, rising edge must be input to [Execute] input. Alternatively another instance of MC\_MoveVelocity can be executed. In that case, originally executed MC\_MoveVelocity is aborted, which results in CommandAborted output TRUE.

#### Velocity Control → Switching to Position Control

It is possible to switch from velocity control to position control while movement. If MV\_exe is TRUE, the axis rotates with constant velocity 500 [u/s]. If MC\_MoveRelative is executed while the axis is in constant movement, the axis moves, decelerates and stops with specified distance 360 [u] and deceleration 1000 [u/s²]. MC\_MoveVelocity is aborted with CommandAborted output TRUE.



# 5.4 Stop

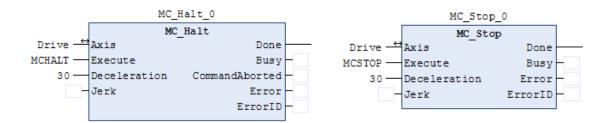
The usage of MC\_Halt and MC\_Stop are to decelerate and stop motion for both, but there are some differences as follows.

#### MC\_Halt

MC\_Halt is used to stop the axis under normal operation conditions. Even the axis is in deceleration by MC\_Halt command, the next command can be issued and effective.

#### MC\_Stop

MC\_Stop is primarily intended for emergency stop functionality or exceptional situations. As long as 'Execute' input is TRUE, the axis remains in the state 'Stopping' and may not be executing any other motion command. If Execute input is FALSE, the axis goes to 'Standstill' status.

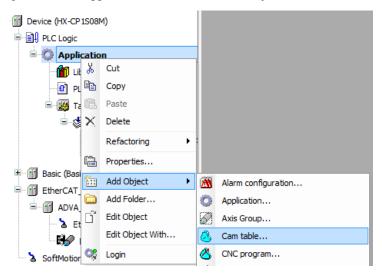


# Chapter 6 Multi-Axis Control

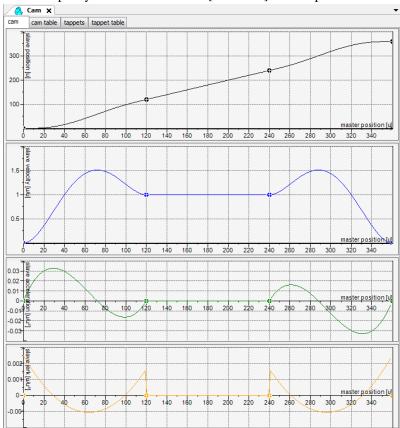
# 6.1 Cam Synchronization

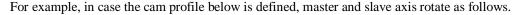
#### 6.1.1 Cam Table Definition

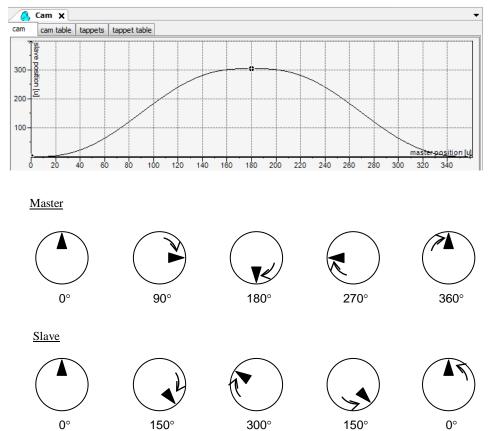
Right click on [Application] and choose [Add Object]-[Cam table...].



New cam table is created. The horizontal axis is the position of the master, and the vertical axes are position, velocity, acceleration and jerk of the slave for each. Graphic editor can be edited directly with mouse dragging. In addition, it is possible to specify with numeric data in [cam table] tab. Graphic data and numeric data are related dynamically.

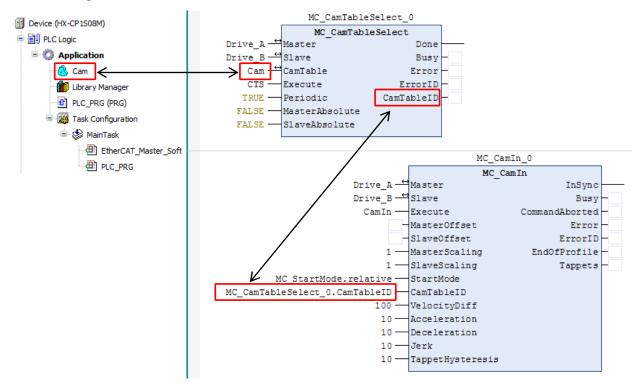






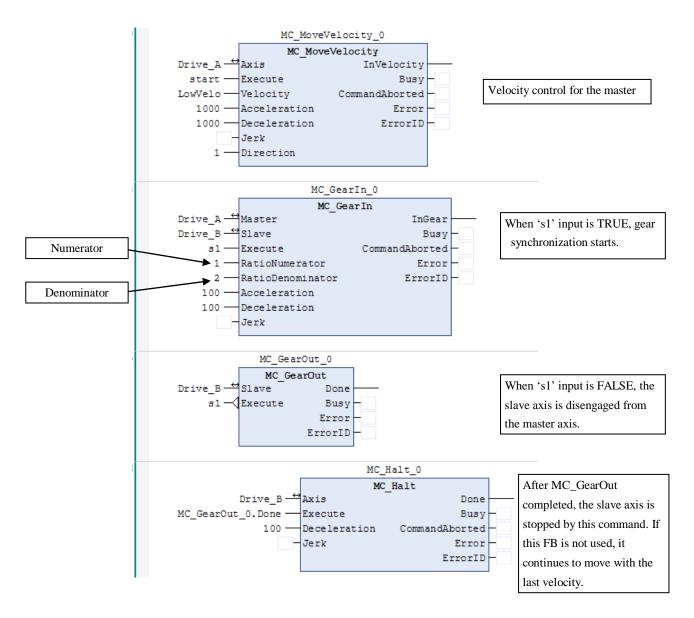
#### 6.1.2 Sample Program

The minimum configuration for cam is shown as follows. 'CamTable' input of MC\_CamTableSelect must be same name as cam table's name under the device tree. Connect 'CamTableID' output of MC\_CamTableSelect to 'CamTableID' input of MC\_CamIn.



# 6.2 Gear Synchronization

A sample program of gearing is shown as below. When 's1' input is TRUE, the slave axis (Drive\_B) rotates according to the master axis (Drive\_A) with gear ratio [2:1]. If 's1' input is FALSE, the slave axis stops.



The following function blocks are available for synchronous control. Refer to chapter 7 for further information.

Function Block	Description	
MC_CamIn	Engages the CAM.	
MC_CamOut	Disengages the slave axis from the master axis.	
MC_CamTableSelect	Selects the CAM table.	
MC_GearIn	Commands a ratio between the velocity of the slave and master axis.	
MC GearInPos	Commands a ratio between the position of the slave and master axes from the	
MC_Geal Hipos	synchronization point onwards.	
MC_GearOut	Disengages the slave axis from the master axis.	
MC_Phasing	Creates an phase shift in the master position of a slave axis.	

Chapter 6

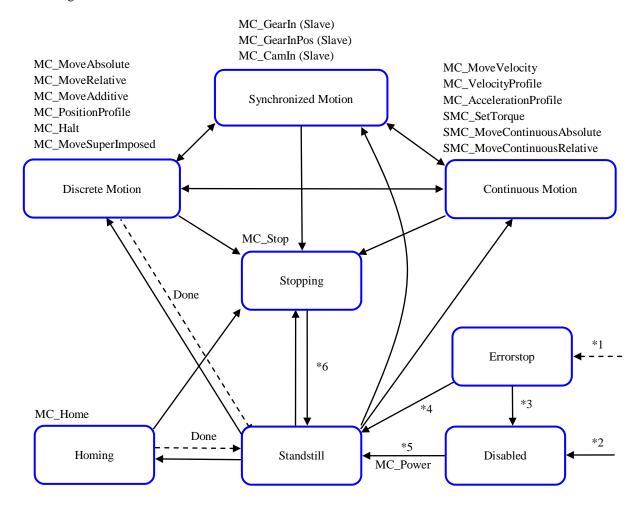
Multi-Axis Control

## MEMO

# Chapter 7 Function Blocks for Motion Control

## 7.1 State Diagram

The following diagram normatively defines the behavior of the axis at a high level when multiple motion control function blocks are simultaneously activated. The axis is always in one of the defined states. Arrows within the state diagram show the possible state transitions between the states. State transitions due to an issued command are shown by full arrows. Dashed arrows are used for state transitions that occur when a command of an axis corresponding motion state are listed above the states. These motion commands may also be issued when the axis is already in the according motion state.



- \*1 From any state. An error in the axis occurred.
- \*2 From any state. MC\_Power.Enable=TRUE AND MC\_Power.bRegulatorOn=FALSE and there is no error in the axis.
- \*3 MC\_Reset AND MC\_Power.Status=FALSE
- \*4 MC\_Reset AND MC\_Power.Status=TRUE AND MC\_Power.Enable=TRUE AND MC\_Power.bRegulatorOn=TRUE AND MC\_Power.bDriveStart=TRUE
- \*5 MC\_Power.Enable=TRUE AND MC\_Power.bRegulatorOn=TRUE AND MC\_Power.bDriveStart=TRUE AND MC\_Power.Status=TRUE
- \*6 MC\_Stop.Done=TRUE AND MC\_Stop.Execute=FALSE

#### NOTE

The state behavior is different from the diagram defined by PLCopen for some function blocks.

- After MC\_PositionProfile done, the state is in [Discrete Motion] instead of [Standstill].
- While MC\_VelocityProfile and MC\_AccelerationProfile, the state is [Discrete Motion] instead of [Continuous Motion].

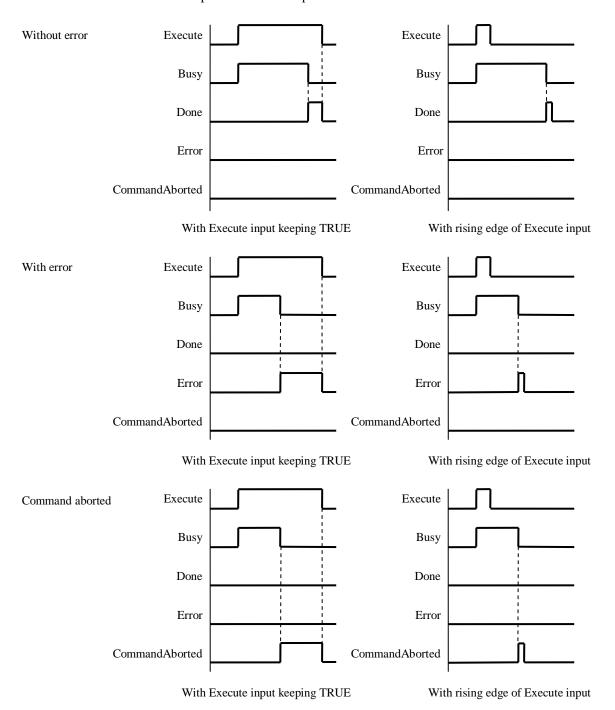
# 7.2 Function Block Interface

General rules of function block interface are described as follows.

	tion block interface are described as follows.
Input parameters	With 'Execute':
	The parameters are used with the rising edge of the 'Execute' input. To modify any parameter
	it is necessary to change the input parameter(s) and to trigger the 'Execute' input again.
	With 'Enable':
	The parameters are used with the rising edge of the enable input and can be modified
	continuously.
Missing input	If any parameter of a function block input is missing ("open") then the value from the previous
parameters	invocation of this instance will be used. In the first invocation the initial value is applied.
Acceleration,	If the input 'Acceleration', 'Deceleration' or 'Jerk' is open, initial value (0) is applied, which
Deceleration and	causes that 'Error' output of the function block is TRUE.
Jerk inputs	If velocity ramp type is 'Trapezoid' or 'Sin <sup>2</sup> ', 'Jerk' input can be open (initial value 0).
1	However, if velocity ramp type is 'Quadratic' or 'Quadratic (smooth)', 'Jerk' input must not be
	zero, otherwise 'Error' output of the function block is TRUE.
Output exclusivity	With 'Execute':
Sutput exclusivity	The outputs 'Busy', 'Done', 'Error' and 'CommandAborted' are mutually exclusive: only one
	of them can be TRUE on one FB. If 'Execute' is TRUE, one of these outputs has to be TRUE.
	With 'Enable':
	The outputs 'Valid' and 'Error' are mutually exclusive: only one of them can be TRUE on one
	FB.
Output status	With 'Execute':
	The 'Done', 'Error', 'ErrorID' and 'CommandAborted' outputs are reset with the falling edge
	of 'Execute'. However the falling edge of 'Execute' does not stop or even influence the
	execution of the actual FB. It must be guaranteed that the corresponding outputs are set for at
	least one cycle if the situation occurs, even if execute was reset before the FB completed.
	If an instance of a FB receives a new execute before it finished (as a series of commands on
	the same instance), the FB won't return any feedback, like 'Done' or 'CommandAborted', for
	the previous action.
	With 'Enable':
	The 'Valid', 'Enabled', 'Busy', 'Error' and 'ErrorID' outputs are reset with the falling edge of
	'Enable' as soon as possible.
Behavior of Done	The 'Done' output is set when the commanded action has been completed successfully.
output	With multiple Function Blocks working on the same axis in a sequence, the following applies:
	when one movement on an axis is interrupted with another movement on the same axis without
	having reached the final goal, 'Done' of the first FB will not be set.
Behavior of Busy	With 'Execute':
output	Every FB can have an output 'Busy', reflecting that the FB is not finished and new output
	values can be expected. 'Busy' is SET at the rising edge of 'Execute' and RESET when one of
	the outputs 'Done', 'Aborted', or 'Error' is set.
	With 'Enable':
	Every FB can have an output 'Busy', reflecting that the FB is working and new output values
	can be expected. 'Busy' is SET at the rising edge of 'Enable' and stays SET as long as the FB
	is performing any action.
	It is recommended that the FB should be kept in the active loop of the application program for
	at least as long as 'Busy' is true, because the outputs may still change.
	at reast as rong as Dusy is true, because the outputs may still change.

Behavior of	The outputs 'InVelocity', 'InGear', 'InTorque', and 'InSync' (from now on referred to as
InVelocity,	'Inxxx') have a different behavior than the 'Done' output.
InGear, InTorque	As long as the FB is Active, 'Inxxx' is SET when the set value equals the commanded value,
and InSync	and will be RESET when at a later time they are unequal. For example, the InVelocity output is
	SET when the set velocity is equal to the commanded velocity. This is similar for 'InGear',
	'InTorque', and 'InSync' outputs in the applicable FBs.
	'Inxxx' is updated even if 'Execute' is FALSE as long as the FB has control of the axis
	('Active' and 'Busy' are SET).
	The behavior of 'Inxxx' directly after 'Execute' is SET again while the condition of 'Inxxx' is
	already met, is implementation specific.
	'Inxxx' definition does not refer to the actual axis value, but must refer to the internal
	instantaneous setpoint.
Behavior of	'CommandAborted' is set, when a commanded motion is interrupted by another motion
CommandAborted	command. The reset-behavior of 'CommandAborted' is like that of 'Done'. When
	'CommandAborted' occurs, the other output-signals such as 'InVelocity' are reset.
Enable input and	The 'Enable' input is coupled to a 'Valid' output. 'Enable' is level sensitive, and 'Valid' shows
Valid output	that a valid set of outputs is available at the FB.
	The 'Valid' output is TRUE as long as a valid output value is available and the 'Enable' input
	is TRUE. The relevant output value can be refreshed as long as the input 'Enable' is TRUE.
	If there is a FB error, the output is not valid ('Valid' set to FALSE). When the error condition
	disappears, the values will reappear and 'Valid' output will be set again.
Position,	'Position' is a value defined within a coordinate system. 'Distance' is a relative measure
Distance	related to technical units. 'Distance' is the difference between two positions.
Sign rules	The 'Velocity', 'Acceleration', 'Deceleration' and 'Jerk' are always positive values. 'Position'
	and 'Distance' can be both positive and negative.
·	

The behavior of FB with 'Execute' input and 'Done' output



# 7.3 PLCopen Part 1 for Single-Axis

## 7.3.1 MC\_Power

Na	ame Description	n		Type
MC_Power This FB controls the power stage (			(On or Off)	FB
	—  	Axis AXIS_REF_SM3 Enable BOOL DRegulatorOn BOOL DDriveStart BOOL	MC_Power  BOOL Status—  BOOL bRegulatorRealState—  BOOL bDriveStartRealState—  BOOL Busy—  BOOL Error—  SMC_ERROR ErrorID—	
	Name	Туре	Description	
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis	
IN	Enable	BOOL	TRUE: Enables the execution of the FB.	
	bRegulatorOn	BOOL	TRUE: Enables the power stage. FALSE: Disables the pow	er stage.
	bDriveStart	BOOL	TRUE: Disables the quickstop mechanism.	
	DDriveStart	BOOL	FALSE: Enables the quickstop mechanism.	
OUT	Status	BOOL	TRUE: Axis is ready to move.	
	bRegulatorRealState	BOOL	TRUE: The power stage has been switched on.	
	bDriveStartRealState	BOOL	TRUE: Drive is not blocked by the quickstop mechanism.	
	Busy BOOL		TRUE: The FB is in operation.	
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.	
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification	

## NOTE

When MC\_Power is executed, there is a momentary 'Stopping' status (50 to 100ms) between 'Disabled' and 'Standstill', which can be seen with MC\_ReadStatus. Although it is not described in the state diagram in page 7-1, this is expected behavior.

#### 7.3.2 MC Home

7.3.2 MC_Home						
Na	Name Description				Type	
MC_Home This FB commands the axis to p			mmands the axis to p	perform the search home sequence according to the drive.	FB	
	(controlled by the drive)					
	MC_Home					
	Name		Туре	Description		
IN_OUT	Axis		AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis		
IN	Execute		BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.		
	Position		BOOL	Absolute position when the reference signal is detected.		
OUT	Done		BOOL	TRUE: Reference known and set successfully.		
	Busy BOOL		BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.		
	CommandAborted BOOL		BOOL	TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.		
	Error BOOL		BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.		
	ErrorID SMC_ERROR			Error identification		

## NOTE

If a value other than 0 is set to 'Position' input, the sign of the current position might be inverted depending on drives. If inverted, set a right value with MC\_SetPosition.

#### 7.3.3 MC Stop

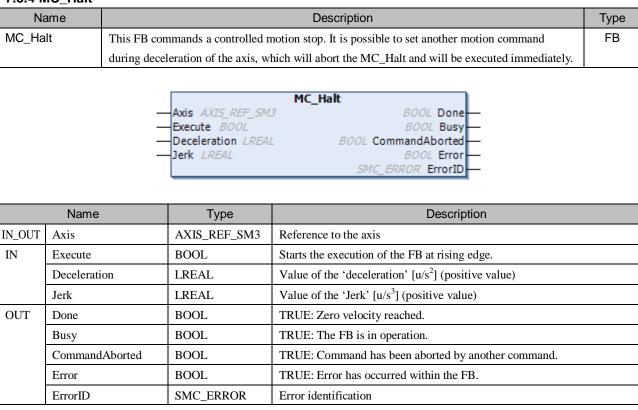
N	Name Description					
MC_Stop This FB commands a controlled motion stop and transfers the axis to the state 'Stopping'. It						
	aborts any ongoing Function Block execution. While the axis is in state 'Stopping', no other FB					
		can perform any motion on the same axis.				
MC_Stop  — Axis AXIS_REF_SM3 BOOL Done — Execute BOOL Busy — Deceleration LREAL BOOL Error — Jerk LREAL SMC_ERROR ErrorID						
		-				
	Name	-				
IN_OUT	Name Axis	_	Jerk LREAL	SMC_ERROR ErrorID		
IN_OUT IN		-	Jerk <i>LREAL</i>	SMC_ERROR ErrorID  Description		
	Axis	on	Type AXIS_REF_SM3	Description  Reference to the axis		
	Axis Execute	on	Type AXIS_REF_SM3 BOOL	Description  Reference to the axis  Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.		
	Axis Execute Deceleration	on	Type AXIS_REF_SM3 BOOL LREAL	Description  Reference to the axis  Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.  Value of the 'deceleration' [u/s²] (positive value)		
IN	Axis Execute Deceleration Jerk	on	Type AXIS_REF_SM3 BOOL LREAL LREAL	Description  Reference to the axis  Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.  Value of the 'deceleration' [u/s²] (positive value)  Value of the 'Jerk' [u/s³] (positive value)		

Error identification

#### 7.3.4 MC\_Halt

ErrorID

SMC\_ERROR



#### 7.3.5 MC MoveAbsolute

Name	Description				
MC_MoveAbsolute	This FB commands a controlled motion	FB			
	MC Mov	eAbsolute			
	-Axis AXIS_REF_SM3	_			
	Execute BOOL	BOOL Busy —			
	Position LREAL	BOOL CommandAborted —			
		BOOL Error —			
		SMC_ERROR ErrorID —			
	— Deceleration LREAL				
	—Jerk <i>LREAL</i>				
	— Direction MC_Direction				
	Direction Pro_Direction				

	Name	Туре	Description
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.
	Position	LREAL	Target position [u] (positive or negative)
	Velocity	LREAL	Maximum velocity [u/s] (positive)
	Acceleration	LREAL	Acceleration [u/s <sup>2</sup> ] (positive)
	Deceleration	LREAL	Deceleration [u/s <sup>2</sup> ] (positive)
	Jerk	LREAL	Jerk [u/s³] (positive)
	Direction	MC_Direction	fastest (3), current (2), positive (1), shortest (0), negative (-1)
			(Refer to section 7.9 Enumeration)
OUT	Done	BOOL	TRUE: End position has been achieved.
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.
	CommandAborted	BOOL	TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification

## MC\_DIRECTION (ENUM)

Name	Value	Description
fastest	3	Selects the direction automatically in order to reach the target position as fast as possible (only modulo axes).
current	2	Keeps the current direction to reach the target (only modulo axes).
positive	1	Moves in positive direction.
shortest	0	Selects the direction according to the shortest distance (only modulo axes).
negative	-1	Moves in negative direction.

### 7.3.6 MC\_MoveRelative

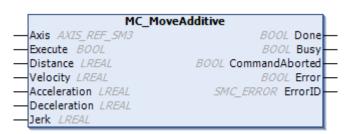
Name	Description	Type
MC_MoveRelative	This FB commands a controlled motion to a specified distance relative to the set position.	FB
	MC MoveRelative	
	—Axis AXIS REF SM3 BOOL Done—	

veRelative
BOOL Done
BOOL Busy
BOOL CommandAborted
BOOL Error
SMC_ERROR ErrorID
_

	Name	Туре	Description
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.
	Distance	LREAL	Relative distance [u] (positive or negative)
	Velocity	LREAL	Maximum velocity [u/s] (positive)
	Acceleration	LREAL	Acceleration [u/s <sup>2</sup> ] (positive)
	Deceleration	LREAL	Deceleration [u/s <sup>2</sup> ] (positive)
	Jerk	LREAL	Jerk [u/s³] (positive)
OUT	Done	BOOL	TRUE: Distance has been achieved.
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.
	CommandAborted	BOOL	TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification

### 7.3.7 MC\_MoveAdditive

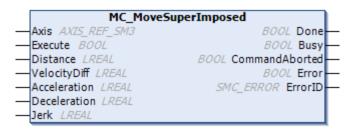
Name	Description	Type
MC_MoveAdditive	This FB commands a controlled motion of a specified relative distance additional to the most	
	recent commanded position in the axis state 'DiscreteMotion'.	



	Name	Туре	Description
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.
	Distance	LREAL	Relative distance [u] (positive or negative)
	Velocity	LREAL	Maximum velocity [u/s] (positive)
	Acceleration	LREAL	Acceleration [u/s <sup>2</sup> ] (positive)
	Deceleration	LREAL	Deceleration [u/s <sup>2</sup> ] (positive)
	Jerk	LREAL	Jerk [u/s³] (positive)
OUT	Done	BOOL	TRUE: Distance has been achieved.
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.
	CommandAborted	BOOL	TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification

### 7.3.8 MC\_MoveSuperImposed

Name	Description	Type
MC_MoveSuperImposed	This FB commands a controlled motion of a specified relative distance additional to an	FB
	existing motion. The existing Motion is not interrupted, but is superimposed by the	
	additional motion.	



	Name	Туре	Description
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.
	Distance	LREAL	Additional distance that is to be superimposed [u] (positive or negative)
	VelocityDiff	LREAL	Maximum velocity difference [u/s] (positive)
	Acceleration	LREAL	Acceleration [u/s <sup>2</sup> ] (positive)
	Deceleration	LREAL	Deceleration [u/s <sup>2</sup> ] (positive)
	Jerk	LREAL	Jerk [u/s³] (positive)
OUT	Done	BOOL	TRUE: Distance is reached.
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.
	CommandAborted	BOOL	TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification

#### 7.3.9 MC MoveVelocity

	Name		Description	Type
MC_Mc	MC_MoveVelocity This FB commands a new		ever ending controlled motion at a specified velocity.	FB
		Axis AXIS_REF_SM Execute BOOL Velocity LREAL Acceleration LREAL Deceleration LREAL Jerk LREAL Direction MC_Dire	BOOL Busy  BOOL CommandAborted  BOOL Error  SMC_ERROR ErrorID	
	Name	Туре	Description	
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis	
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.	
	Velocity	LREAL	Maximum velocity [u/s] (positive)	
	Acceleration	LREAL	Acceleration [u/s <sup>2</sup> ] (positive)	
	Deceleration		2	
	Deceleration	LREAL	Deceleration [u/s <sup>2</sup> ] (positive)	
	Jerk	LREAL	Deceleration [u/s²] (positive)  Jerk [u/s³] (positive)	
	Jerk	LREAL		
			Jerk [u/s³] (positive)	
OUT	Jerk	LREAL	Jerk [u/s³] (positive) fastest (3), current (2), positive (1), shortest (0), negative (-1)	
OUT	Jerk Direction	LREAL MC_Direction	Jerk [u/s³] (positive) fastest (3), current (2), positive (1), shortest (0), negative (-1) (Refer to section 7.9 Enumeration)	
OUT	Jerk Direction InVelocity	LREAL MC_Direction BOOL	Jerk [u/s³] (positive)  fastest (3), current (2), positive (1), shortest (0), negative (-1) (Refer to section 7.9 Enumeration)  TRUE: The set velocity has been reached for the first time.	
OUT	Jerk Direction InVelocity Busy	LREAL MC_Direction BOOL BOOL	Jerk [u/s³] (positive) fastest (3), current (2), positive (1), shortest (0), negative (-1) (Refer to section 7.9 Enumeration) TRUE: The set velocity has been reached for the first time. TRUE: The FB is in operation.	

## NOTE

This FB is used for speed control. However, the drives are controlled by position based control instead of speed based control internally. For this reason, 'Modes of operation' (0x6060) and Modes of operation display' (0x6061) in the object dictionary are both '8' (cyclic synchronous position mode) instead of '9' (cyclic synchronous velocity mode).

TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.

TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.

#### 7.3.10 MC PositionProfile

	Name		Description	Type
MC_Pc	sitionProfile	This FB commands a ti	me-position locked motion profile.	FB
	- - - - -	Axis AXIS_REF_SM3 TimePosition MC_TP_R Execute BOOL ArraySize INT PositionScale LREAL Offset LREAL	AC_PositionProfile  BOOL Done  BOOL Busy  BOOL CommandAborted  BOOL Error  SMC_ERROR ErrorID	
	Name	Туре	Description	
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis	
	TimePosition	MC_TP_REF	Reference to time-position description	
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.	
		INT	The number of time-position profiles.	
	PositionScale	LREAL	Overall position scaling factor (initial value: 1)	
	Offset	LREAL	Overall offset for profile [u]	
OUT	Done	BOOL	The profile has been completed.	
001				

Error identification

# 7.3.11 MC\_VelocityProfile

Error

ErrorID

CommandAborted

BOOL

BOOL

SMC\_ERROR

	Name		Description	Type
	110			
MC_Ve	locityProfile 1	This FB commands a tir	me-velocity locked motion profile.	FB
MC_VelocityProfile  — Axis AXIS_REF_SM3 BOOL Done — TimeVelocity MC_TV_REF BOOL Busy — Execute BOOL BOOL CommandAborted — ArraySize INT BOOL Error — VelocityScale LREAL SMC_ERROR ErrorID — Offset LREAL				
Name Type Description				
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis	
	TimeVelocity	MC_TV_REF	Reference to time-velocity description	
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.	
	ArraySize	INT	The number of time-velocity profiles.	
	VelocityScale	LREAL	Overall velocity scaling factor (initial value: 1)	
	Offset	LREAL	Overall offset for profile [u/s]	
OUT	Done	BOOL	The profile has been completed.	
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.	
	CommandAborted	BOOL	TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.	
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.	
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification	

#### 7.3.12 MC AccelerationProfile

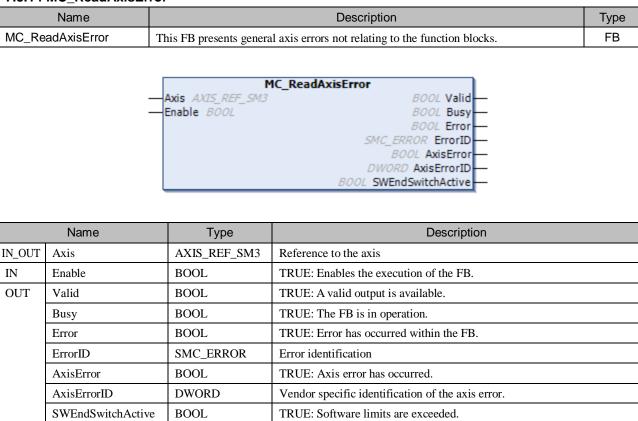
10.12 MO_ACCCICIATION TONIC					
Name	Description		Туре		
MC_AccelerationProfile	This FB commands a time-acceleration locked mot	ion profile.	FB		
	·		·		
	MC_AccelerationProfile				
— Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	BOOL Done —			
— Time	Acceleration MC_TA_REF	BOOL Busy —			
— Exec	ute BOOL BOO	OL CommandAborted —			
— Arra	/Size INT	BOOL Error —			
— Acce	erationScale LREAL	SMC_ERROR ErrorID —			
—Offs	et LREAL				

	Name	Туре	Description
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis
	TimeAcceleration	MC_TA_REF	Reference to time-acceleration description
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.
	ArraySize	INT	The number of time-acceleration profiles.
	AccelerationScale	LREAL	Overall acceleration scaling factor (initial value: 1)
	Offset	LREAL	Overall offset for profile [u/s <sup>2</sup> ]
OUT	Done	BOOL	The profile has been completed.
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.
	CommandAborted	BOOL	TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification

#### 7.3.13 MC\_ReadActualPosition

	Name		Description	Type
MC_Re	adActualPosition	This FB returns the actu	al position.	FB
		MC_ReadActualPosition  — Axis AXIS_REF_SM3 BOOL Valid —  Enable BOOL Busy — BOOL Error — SMC_ERROR ErrorID — LREAL Position		
	Name	Туре	Description	
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis	
IN	Enable	BOOL	TRUE: Enables the execution of the FB.	
OUT	Valid	BOOL	TRUE: A valid output is available.	
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.	
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.	
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification	
	Position	LREAL	New absolute position [u]	•

#### 7.3.14 MC\_ReadAxisError



#### 7.3.15 MC ReadParameter

	Name		Description	Туре
MC_Re	adParameter	This FB returns the valu	ue of a vendor specific parameter with data type LREAL.	FB
	MC_ReadParameter			
	Name	Туре	Description	
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis	
IN	Enable	BOOL	TRUE: Enables the execution of the FB.	
	ParameterNumber	DINT	Number of the parameter (see the table below)	
OUT	Valid	BOOL	TRUE: A valid output is available.	
	Busy	BOOL TRUE: The FB is in operation.		
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.	
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification	
	Value	LREAL	Value of the parameter specified in input 'ParameterNumber	,

PN	Name	Туре	B/E	R/W	Description
1	CommandedPosition	REAL	В	R	Commanded position
2	SWLimitPos	REAL	Е	R/W	Positive software limit switch position
3	SWLimitNeg	REAL	Е	R/W	Negative software limit switch position
4	EnableLimitPos	BOOL	Е	R/W	Enable positive software limit switch
5	EnableLimitNeg	BOOL	Е	R/W	Enable negative software limit switch
6	EnablePosLagMonitoring	BOOL	Е	R/W	Enable monitoring of position lag
7	MaxPositionLag	REAL	Е	R/W	Maximal position lag
8	MaxVelocitySystem	REAL	Е	R	Maximal allowed velocity of the axis in the motion system
9	MaxVelocityAppl	REAL	В	R/W	Maximal allowed velocity of the axis in the application
10	ActualVelocity	REAL	В	R	Actual velocity
11	CommandedVelocity	REAL	В	R	Commanded velocity
12	MaxAccelerationSystem	REAL	Е	R	Maximal allowed acceleration of the axis in the motion system
13	MaxAccelerationAppl	REAL	Е	R/W	Maximal allowed acceleration of the axis in the application
14	MaxDecelerationSystem	REAL	Е	R	Maximal allowed deceleration of the axis in the motion system
15	MaxDecelerationAppl	REAL	Е	R/W	Maximal allowed deceleration of the axis in the application
16	MaxJerkSystem	REAL	Е	R	Maximal allowed jerk of the axis in the motion system
17	MaxJerkAppl	REAL	Е	R/W	Maximal allowed jerk of the axis in the application

PN: Parameter Number B: Basic E: Expanded

R: Read only R/W: Read and Write

# 7.3.16 MC\_ReadBoolParameter

	Name		Description	Туре	
MC_Re	adBoolParameter	This FB returns the valu	ue of a vendor specific parameter with data type BOOL.	FB	
		MC_ReadBoolParameter  — Axis AXIS_REF_SM3 BOOL Valid — Enable BOOL BOOL BUSY — ParameterNumber DINT BOOL Error —  SMC_ERROR ErrorID — BOOL Value —			
	Name	Туре	Description		
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis		
IN	Enable	BOOL	TRUE: Enables the execution of the FB.		
	ParameterNumber	DINT	Number of the parameter (see section 7.3.15 MC_ReadParameter)	eter)	
OUT	Valid	BOOL	TRUE: A valid output is available.		
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.		
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.		
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification		
	Value	BOOL	Value of the parameter specified in input 'ParameterNumber'		

#### 7.3.17 MC WriteParameter

7.3.17 MC_WriteParameter					
	Name		Description	Type	
MC_Wr	iteParameter	This FB modifies the va	alue of a vendor specific parameter with data type LREAL.	FB	
		MC_WriteParameter			
	Name	Туре	Description		
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis		
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.		
	ParameteNumber	DINT	Number of the parameter (see section 7.3.15 MC_ReadParame	eter)	
	Value	LREAL	New value of the specified parameter		
OUT	Done	BOOL	TRUE: Parameter successfully written		
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.		
Error BOOL TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.		TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.			
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification		

BOOL

SMC\_ERROR

Error ErrorID

	Name		Description	Type
MC_WriteBoolParameter		This FB modifies the value of a vendor specific parameter with data type BOOL.		FB
			BOOL Busy—	
	News	Value BOOL	SMC_ERROR ErrorID	
	Name	Type	SMC_ERROR ErrorID  Description	
IN_OUT	Name Axis			
IN_OUT IN	1	Туре	Description	
_	Axis	Type AXIS_REF_SM3	Description  Reference to the axis	eter)
_	Axis Execute	Type AXIS_REF_SM3 BOOL	Description  Reference to the axis  Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.	eter)
_	Axis Execute ParameterNumber	Type  AXIS_REF_SM3  BOOL  DINT	Description  Reference to the axis  Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.  Number of the parameter (see section 7.3.15 MC_ReadParameter)	eter)

Error identification

TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.

#### 7.3.19 MC ReadStatus

Name		Description	Туре
MC_ReadStatus	This FB returns in details the sta	itus of the state diagram of the selected axis.	FB
	<u> </u>		•
	MC Pa	adStatus	
	—Axis AXIS_REF_SM3	BOOL Valid—	
	—Enable BOOL	BOOL Busy	
		BOOL Error	
		SMC_ERROR ErrorID —	
		BOOL Disabled —	
		BOOL Errorstop —	
		BOOL Stopping —	
		BOOL StandStill —	
		BOOL DiscreteMotion—	
		BOOL ContinuousMotion—	
		BOOL SynchronizedMotion—	
		BOOL Homing —	
		BOOL ConstantVelocity —	
		BOOL Accelerating —	
		BOOL Decelerating — BOOL FBErrorOccured —	
		BUUL FBEITOTOCCUTEU	

	Name	Туре	Description
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis
IN	Enable	BOOL	TRUE: Enables the execution of the FB.
OUT	Valid	BOOL	TRUE: A valid output is available.
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification
	Disabled	BOOL	TRUE: Disabled (see section 7.1 State diagram)
	Errorstop	BOOL	TRUE: Errorstop (see section 7.1 State diagram)
	Stopping	BOOL	TRUE: Stopping (see section 7.1 State diagram)
	StandStill	BOOL	TRUE: StandStill (see section 7.1 State diagram)
	DiscreteMotion	BOOL	TRUE: DiscreteMotion (see section 7.1 State diagram)
	ContinuousMotion	BOOL	TRUE: Continous Motion (see section 7.1 State diagram)
	SynchronizedMotion	BOOL	TRUE: SynchronizedMotion (see section 7.1 State diagram)
	Homing	BOOL	TRUE: Homing (see section 7.1 State diagram)
	ConstantVelocity	BOOL	TRUE: Motor moves with constant velocity.
	Accelerating	BOOL	TRUE: Motor moves with increasing velocity.
	Decelerating	BOOL	TRUE: Motor moves with decreasing velocity.
	FBErrorOccurred	BOOL	TRUE: FB error has occurred.

#### 7.3.20 MC Reset

Name	ame Description				
MC_Reset	This FB makes the transition from the state 'ErrorStop' to 'Standstill' or 'Disabled' by resetting all internal axis-related errors.	FB			
	## Axis AXIS_REF_SM3				

	Name	Туре	Description
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.
OUT	Done	BOOL	TRUE: Reset has been executed.
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification

# 7.4 PLCopen Part 2 for Single-Axis

BOOL

BOOL

LREAL

BOOL

SMC\_ERROR

Busy

Error

ErrorID

RecordedPosition

CommandAborted

7.4.1 MC_TouchProbe					
	Name		Description Type		
MC_TouchProbe This FB is used to record			rd an axis position at a trigger event.		
	— Trig — Exec — Win — Firs	AXIS_REF_SM3 gerInput TRIGGER_R tute BOOL dowOnly BOOL tPosition LREAL tPosition LREAL	MC_TouchProbe  BOOL Done BOOL Busy BOOL Error SMC_ERROR ErrorID LREAL RecordedPosition BOOL CommandAborted		
	Name	Туре	Description		
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis		
	TriggerInput	TRIGGER_REF	Reference to trigger signal source		
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.		
	WindowOnly	BOOL	TRUE: Trigger events will be accepted only within the specified window.		
	FirstPosition	LREAL	Start position from whereon (in positive direction) trigger events will be accepted [u].		
	LastPosition	LREAL	End position up to which trigger events will be accepted [u].		
OUT	Done	BOOL	TRUE: Trigger event has been recorded.		

TRUE: The FB is in operation.

Error identification

TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.

Position, where trigger event has occurred [u].

TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.

#### 7.4.2 MC AbortTrigger

7.7.2	ic_Aboltingge			
	Name		Description	Type
MC_AbortTrigger This FB is used to abort			t function block which are connected to trigger events.	FB
	— <sub>1</sub>	oxis AXIS_REF_SM3 TriggerInput TRIGGER_R Execute BOOL	MC_AbortTrigger  BOOL Done BOOL Busy BOOL Error SMC_ERROR ErrorID	
	Name	Type	Description	
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis	
	TriggerInput	TRIGGER_REF	Reference to trigger signal source	
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.	
OUT	OUT Done BO		TRUE: Latching has been aborted successfully.	
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.	
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.	
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification	

# NOTE

MC\_AbortTrigger might not work depending on drives. Possible countermeasure in this case could be to set parameter directly to drives.

# 7.4.3 MC\_DigitalCamSwitch

Name	Description	Type
MC_DigitalCamSwitch	This FB is the analogy to switches on a motor shaft: it commands a group of discrete	FB
	output bits to switch in analogy to a set of mechanical cam controlled switches connected to an axis.	



	Name	Туре	Description
IN_OUT	_OUT Axis AXIS_REF_SM3		Reference to the axis
	Switches	MC_CAMSWITCH_REF	Reference to switching actions
	Outputs	MC_OUTPUT_REF	Reference to signal outputs that are directly related to the referenced tracks. (ARRAY [132] OF BOOL)
			Reference to structure containing track related properties,
	TrackOptions	MC_TRACK_REF	e.g. the on/off compensations per output/track.
			(ARRAY [132] OF MC_TRACK_TR)
IN	Enable	BOOL	TRUE: Enables the execution of the FB.
			32 bits of BOOL enabling the different tracks. Least significant
	EnableMask	DWORD	data is related to the lowest TrackNumber.
			(initial value: 16#FFFFFFF)
	TappetMode	MC_TAPPETMODE	ENUM
OUT	InOperation	BOOL	TRUE: Commanded tracks have been enabled.
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification

# MC\_CAMSWITCH\_REF (STRUCT)

Name	Name Type		Description
NoOfSwitches	ВҮТЕ	0	Number of switch positions
CamSwitchPtr	POINTER TO MC_CAMSWITCH_TR	0	Address of MC_CAMSWITCH_TR

# MC\_CAMSWITCH\_TR (STRUCT)

Name	Туре	Initial	Description
TrackNumber	INT		Number of the output; several position ranges per output are possible. [132]
FirstOnPosition	LREAL		Switch-on position of the output
LastOnPosition	LREAL		Switch-off position of the output
			0: The output is switched in two directions.
AxisDirection	INT		1: The output is only switched in positive direction.
			2: The output is only switched in negative direction.
			0: The tappets are calculated position-based.
CamSwitchMode	INIT		1: The tappets are calculated time-based, whereby only the value of
Camswitchwode	IINI	INT	FirstOnPosition will be used and the output stays TRUE for the given time
			(Duration).
Donation	TIME		Period of time for which the tappet output stays TRUE in case of
Duration	TIME		CAMSwitchMode=1.

# MC\_TRACK\_TR (STRUCT)

Name	Туре	Initial	Description
OnCompanyation	LREAL	0	A delay (value positive) of switch-on or an early switch-on (value
OnCompensation	LKEAL		negative) can be set. The time is given in seconds.
OffComponentian	LREAL	0	A delay (value positive) of switch-off or an early switch-off (value
OffCompensation	LKEAL		negative) can be set. The time is given in seconds.
		0	Additionally a hysteresis can be set, which avoids a permanent switching
TI	LREAL		of the output, which might occur e.g. if the servo-controller is exactly in
Hysteresis			switch-position and slightly swinging around that position due to the
			position control.

# MC\_TAPPETMODE (ENUM)

Name	Value	Description
tp_mode_auto	0	Auto mode
tp_mode_demandposition	1	Use set values
tp_mode_actualposition	2	Use actual values

# NOTE

If the following conditions are fulfilled, output might oscillate wrongly. Be sure to read information below and avoid that.

By setting a certain time to OnCompensation, activated time of tappet output can be exactly 0, which is normally unnecessary usage. In that case, tappet output might oscillate. Be sure to set parameters so that tappet output is activated in a certain time.

#### 7.4.4 MC\_ReadActualTorque

	Name	Description				
MC_Re	adActualTorque	This FB returns the value of the actual torque.				
	MC_ReadActualTorque  — Axis AXIS_REF_SM3 BOOL Valid — Enable BOOL Busy BOOL Error SMC_ERROR ErrorID LREAL Torque					
	Name	Type	Description			
		1,750	Description			
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis			
IN_OUT IN	1		·			
	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis			
IN	Axis Enable	AXIS_REF_SM3 BOOL	Reference to the axis TRUE: Enables the execution of the FB.			
IN	Axis Enable Valid	AXIS_REF_SM3 BOOL BOOL	Reference to the axis TRUE: Enables the execution of the FB. TRUE: A valid output is available.			
IN	Axis Enable Valid Busy	AXIS_REF_SM3 BOOL BOOL BOOL	Reference to the axis  TRUE: Enables the execution of the FB.  TRUE: A valid output is available.  TRUE: The FB is in operation.			

# 7.4.5 MC\_ReadActualVelocity

	Name Description				
MC_Re	adActualVelocity	This FB returns the value of the actual velocity.			
		— Axis AXIS_REF_SM — Enable BOOL	_ReadActualVelocity  13		
	Name	Туре	Description		
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis		
IN	Enable	BOOL	TRUE: Enables the execution of the FB.		
OUT	Valid	BOOL	TRUE: A valid output is available.		
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.		
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.		
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification		
	Velocity	LREAL	Value of current velocity [u/s]		

# 7.4.6 MC\_SetPosition

				Type		
	Name	Description				
MC_SetPosition This FB shifts the coordinate system of an axis by manipulating both the			ordinate system of an axis by manipulating both the set-point	FB		
	position as well as the actual position of an axis with the same value without any					
		movement caused.				
	MC_SetPosition  — Axis AXIS_REF_SM3 BOOL Done — Execute BOOL BOOL Busy — Position LREAL BOOL Error — Mode BOOL SMC_ERROR ErrorID					
	Name	Туре	Description			
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis			
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.			
	Position	LREAL	Position unit [u]			
	Position Mode	LREAL BOOL				
OUT			Position unit [u]			
OUT	Mode	BOOL	Position unit [u]  TRUE: Relative FALSE: Absolute			
OUT	Mode Done	BOOL BOOL	Position unit [u]  TRUE: Relative FALSE: Absolute  TRUE: Position has been assigned to new value.			

#### 7.4.7 SMC\_MoveContinuousAbsolute

Name Description		Type
SMC_MoveContinuousAbsolute	This FB commands a controlled motion to a specified absolute position	
	ending with the specified velocity.	



Name		Туре	Description		
IN_OUT	IN_OUT Axis AXIS_REF_S		Reference to the axis		
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.		
	Position	LREAL	Target position [u] (positive or negative)		
	Velocity	LREAL	Maximum velocity [u/s] (positive)		
	EndVelocity	LREAL	End velocity [u/s] (positive)		
			Determines direction of end velo	city.	
			Permissible values:	Not applicable:	
	EndValority Direction	MC Direction	current (2)	fastest (3)	
	EndVelocityDirection	MC_Direction	positive (1)	shortest (0)	
			negative (-1)		
			(Refer to section 7.9 Enumeration)		
	Acceleration	LREAL	Acceleration [u/s <sup>2</sup> ] (positive)		
	Deceleration	LREAL	Deceleration [u/s²] (positive)		
	Jerk	LREAL	Jerk [u/s <sup>3</sup> ] (positive)		
		MC_Direction	Direction		
	Direction		for linear/finite axes: positive (1), negative (-1)		
	Direction		for rotary/modulo axes: fastest (3), current (2), positive (1), shortest		
			(0), negative (-1) (Refer to sect	ion 7.9 Enumeration)	
OUT	InEndVelocity	BOOL	TRUE: Commanded position has	been reached.	
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.		
	CommandAborted	BOOL	TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.		
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within	the FB.	
ErrorID SMC_ERROR Error identification					

# 7.4.8 MC\_MoveContinuousRelative

Name Description		Type
SMC_MoveContinuousRelative	This FB commands a controlled motion to a specified relative distance	
	ending with the specified velocity.	



Name		Туре	Description		
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis		
IN	IN Execute BOOL		Starts the execution of the FB at	rising edge.	
	Distance	LREAL	Relative distance [u] (positive or	negative)	
	Velocity	LREAL	Maximum velocity [u/s] (positive	e)	
	EndVelocity	LREAL	End velocity [u/s] (positive)		
			Determines direction of end velo	city.	
			Permissible values:	Not applicable:	
	EndVelocityDirection	MC_Direction	current (2)	fastest (3)	
			positive (1)	shortest (0)	
			negative (-1)		
			(Refer to section 7.9 Enumeration)		
	Acceleration LREAL		Acceleration [u/s <sup>2</sup> ] (positive)		
	Deceleration	LREAL	Deceleration [u/s <sup>2</sup> ] (positive)		
	Jerk	LREAL	Jerk [u/s³] (positive)		
OUT	InEndVelocity	BOOL	TRUE: Commanded distance has	s been reached.	
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.	FB is in operation.	
	CommandAborted	BOOL	TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.		
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within	the FB.	
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR Error identification			

# 7.5 PLCopen Part 3 for Single-Axis

7.5.1 N	7.5.1 MC_Jog					
Na	ame			Description Type		
MC_Jog	g	This FB	commands a jogged	movement to a specified axis as long as the input FB		
		'JogForwar	d/Backward' is set.			
				MC_Jog		
		_	Axis AXIS_REF_SM:	3 BOOL Busy —		
			JogForward BOOL			
			JogBackward <i>BOOL</i> Velocity <i>LREAL</i>	BOOL Error — SMC_Error ErrorId —		
			Acceleration LREAL			
		_	Deceleration <i>LREAL</i> Jerk <i>LREAL</i>			
		_	Jerk LREAL			
	Name		Type	Description		
IN_OUT	Axis		AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis		
IN				TRUE: Axis is moved with the specified dynamic values velocity,		
	JogForwa	rd	BOOL	acceleration, deceleration and jerk in a positive direction.		
				(No motion is executed if JogBackward is TRUE at the same time)		
				TRUE: Axis is moved with the specified dynamic values velocity,		
	JogBackw	ard	BOOL	acceleration, deceleration and jerk in a negative direction.		
	(No motion is executed if JogForward is TRUE at the same time)					
	Velocity		LREAL	Maximum velocity [u/s] (positive)		
	Accelerati	n LREAL Acceleration [u/s²] (positive)				

#### NOTE

OUT

Deceleration

CommandAborted

Jerk

Busy

Error

ErrorID

**LREAL** 

LREAL

**BOOL** 

**BOOL** 

BOOL

SMC\_ERROR

When 'JogForward' input or 'JogBackward' input is reset (TRUE to FALSE), the specified axis is in deceleration. If the axis status changes to Errorstop while deceleration before stopping by an unexpected reason, for example limit switch detected, then 'Busy' output of MC\_Jog is activated, and no command can be accepted. In this case, perform [Reset warm] or [Reset cold] to restart the PLC.

Deceleration [u/s<sup>2</sup>] (positive)

TRUE: The FB is in operation.

TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.

TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.

Jerk [u/s<sup>3</sup>] (positive)

Error identification

#### 7.5.2 SMC\_Inch

Name	Description		
SMC_Inch	This FB commands an inching movement to a specified axis as long as the moving distance is		
	not reached and the input 'InchForward' or 'InchBackward' is set.		



	Name	Туре	Description
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis
IN	InchForward	BOOL	TRUE: Axis is moved with the dynamic values velocity, acceleration, deceleration and jerk in a positive direction until distance has been travelled.  If 'InchForward' is set to FALSE and back to TRUE, a further motion is started. If 'InchForward' is set to FALSE before distance has been travelled, the axis is immediately decelerated to the velocity value zero. 'Busy' is then set to FALSE.  If 'InchBackward' and 'InchForward' are TRUE at the same time, then
	InchBackward BOOL		no motions are carried out.  TRUE: Axis is moved with the dynamic values velocity, acceleration, deceleration and jerk in a negative direction until distance has been travelled.  If 'InchBackward' is set to FALSE and back to TRUE, a further motion is started. If 'InchBackward' is set to FALSE before distance has been travelled, the axis is immediately decelerated to the velocity value zero. 'Busy' is then set to FALSE.  If 'InchBackward' and 'InchForward' are TRUE at the same time, then no motions are carried out.
	Distance	LREAL	Distance that is travelled [u] (positive)
	Velocity	LREAL	Maximum velocity [u/s] (positive)
	Acceleration	LREAL	Acceleration [u/s <sup>2</sup> ] (positive)
	Deceleration	LREAL	Deceleration [u/s <sup>2</sup> ] (positive)
	Jerk	LREAL	Jerk [u/s³] (positive)
OUT	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.
	CommandAborted	BOOL	TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification

# 7.6 PLCopen for Multi-Axis

# 7.6.1 MC\_CamIn

Name	]	Description	Туре
MC_CamIn	This FB engages the CAM.		FB
	MC_C  Master AXIS_REF_SM3  Slave AXIS_REF_SM3  Execute BOOL  MasterOffset LREAL  SlaveOffset LREAL  MasterScaling LREAL  SlaveScaling LREAL  StartMode MC_StartMode  CamTableID MC_CAM_ID  VelocityDiff LREAL  Acceleration LREAL  Deceleration LREAL  Jerk LREAL  TappetHysteresis LREAL	BOOL InSync BOOL Busy BOOL CommandAborted BOOL Error SMC_ERROR ErrorID BOOL EndOfProfile SMC_TappetData Tappets	

	Name	Туре	Description	
IN_OUT	Master	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to master axis	
	Slave	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to slave axis	
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.	
	MasterOffset	LREAL	Offset on master table	
	SlaveOffset	LREAL	Offset on slave table	
	MasterScaling	LREAL	Scaling factor for master profile	
	SlaveScaling	LREAL	Scaling factor for slave profile	
	StartMode	MC_StartMode	Start mode	
	CamTableID	MC_CAM_ID	Identification of the cam table. The input is connected with the output of the instance of MC_CamTableSelect.	
	VelocityDiff	LREAL	Maximum velocity difference for 'ramp in' mode. [u/s]	
	Acceleration	LREAL	Acceleration for 'ramp_in' mode. [u/s <sup>2</sup> ]	
	Deceleration	LREAL	Deceleration for 'ramp_in' mode. [u/s <sup>2</sup> ]	
	Jerk	LREAL	Jerk for 'ramp_in' mode. [u/s³]	
	TappetHysteresis	LREAL	Size of the hysteresis for tappets in [u]. A positive value means that the tappet cannot fire immediately after it has fired. The master position first needs to move away from the tappet by more than the value given for TappetHysteresis.	
			For example, if the master is an encoder, the master position may oscillate by a few increments around the tappet position. Without a hysteresis, the tappet may fire all the time.	
OUT	InSync	BOOL	TRUE: Cam has been engaged for the first time.	
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.	
	CommandAborted	BOOL	TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.	
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.	
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification	
	EndOfProfile	BOOL	Pulsed output: Cyclic end of the cam profile	
	Tappets	SMC_TappetData	Tappets: Has to be evaluated by SMC_GetTappetValue FB.	

# MC\_STARTMODE (ENUM)

Name	Value	Description	
absolute	0	Cam plate is positioned absolutely with respect to the current master and slave.	
relative	1	Cam plate is positioned relative to the current master and slave.	
ramp_in	2	With acceleration	
ramp_in_pos	3	With acceleration in positive direction	
ramp_in_neg	4	With acceleration in negative direction	

# SMC\_TAPPETDATA (STRUCT)

Name	Туре	Initial	Description
pTaps	ARRAY [02] OF POINTER TO SMC_CAMTappet		This is a STRUCT for interface
dwCycleTime	DWORD		between MC_CamIn output and
byChannels	ВҮТЕ	3	SMC_GetTappetValue input.
bRestart	BOOL		

# **SMC\_CAMTAPPET (STRUCT)**

Name	Туре	Initial	Description	
Ctt	SMC_CAMTAPPETTYPE (ENUM)		See SMC_CAMTAPPETTYPE below.	
Cta	SMC_CAMTAPPETACTION (ENUM)		See SMC_CAMTAPPETACTION below.	
dwDelay	DWORD		In case of 'cta' =Tappetaction.tappetaction_time, this value	
dwDeiay	DWORD		determines the delay time [µs].	
			In case of 'cta' =Tappetaction.tappetaction_time, this value	
dwDuration	DWORD		determines the time for which the tappet is switched to on.	
			[μs]	
iGroupID	INT		Group or track ID of the tappet output that is switched.	
X	LREAL		Master position where tappet is switched.	
dwActive	DWORD	16#FFFFFFF	Internal variable	

#### **SMC\_CAMTAPPETTYPE (ENUM)**

Name Value		Description
TAPPET_pos	0	Tappet action active when the master passes its position in positive direction.
TAPPET_all	1	Tappet action active when the master passes its position in both directions.
TAPPET_neg	2	Tappet action active when the master passes its position in negative direction.

# **SMC\_CAMTAPPETACTION (ENUM)**

Name	Value	Description
TAPPETACTION_on	0	Switches on.
TAPPETACTION_off	1	Switches off.
TAPPETACTION_inv	2	Inverts.
TAPPETACTION_time	3	Switches on after a delay for a certain time period.

#### 7.6.2 MC CamOut

	io_camout			
Name			Description	
MC_CamOut This FB disengages the slave		This FB disengages the slav	re axis from the master axis immediately.	FB
	MC_CamOut  — Slave AXIS_REF_SM3 BOOL Done — Execute BOOL Busy BOOL Error SMC_ERROR ErrorID			
	Name	Туре	Description	
IN_OUT	Slave	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the slave axis	
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.	
OUT	Done	BOOL	TRUE: Cam has been disengaged.	
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.	
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.	
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification	

	Name Description T			Туре
MC_CamTableSelect This FB selects the CAM tab			bles by setting the connections to the relevant tables.	FB
	- - - - -	Master AXIS_REF_SM3 —Slave AXIS_REF_SM3 —CamTable MC_CAM_R Execute BOOL —Periodic BOOL —MasterAbsolute BOOL —SlaveAbsolute BOOL	BOOL Busy—	
	Name	Type	Description	
IN_OUT	Master	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the master axis	
	Slave	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the slave axis	
	CamTable	MC_CAM_REF	Reference to the cam description	
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.	
	Periodic	BOOL	TRUE: Periodic FALSE: Non periodic	
	MasterAbsolute	BOOL	TRUE: Absolute FALSE: Relative coordinates	
	SlaveAbsolute	BOOL	TRUE: Absolute FALSE: Relative coordinates	
OUT	Done	BOOL	TRUE: Preselection has been done.	
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.	
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.	
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification	
	CamTableID	MC_CAM_ID	Identifier of the cam table be used for the function block.  (Connect to input of MC_CamIn)	

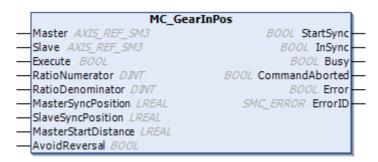
# 7.6.4 MC\_GearIn

Name		Description	Туре
MC_GearIn	This FB commands a ratio between the	e velocity of the slave and master axis.	FB
	MC_Ge	earIn	
	- Master AXIS_REF_SM3	BOOL InGear —	
	— Slave AXTS_REF_SM3	BOOL Busy —	
	Execute BOOL	BOOL CommandAborted —	
	RatioNumerator DINT	BOOL Error —	
	- Ratio Denominator UDINT	SMC ERROR ErrorID	
		_	
	— Deceleration LREAL		
	— Jerk <i>LREAL</i>		

	Name	Туре	Description
IN_OUT	Master	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the master axis
	Slave	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the slave axis
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.
	RatioNumerator	DINT	Gear ratio Numerator
	RatioDenominator	UDINT	Gear ratio Denominator
	Acceleration	LREAL	Target acceleration when coupling[u/s <sup>2</sup> ]
	Deceleration	LREAL	Target deceleration when coupling[u/s <sup>2</sup> ]
	Jerk	LREAL	Jerk when coupling [u/s³]
OUT	InGear	BOOL	TRUE: Coupling has taken place.
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.
	CommandAborted	BOOL	TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification

#### 7.6.5 MC\_GearInPos

Name	Description	Type
MC_GearInPos	This FB commands a gear ratio between the position of the slave and master from the	FB
	synchronization point onwards.	



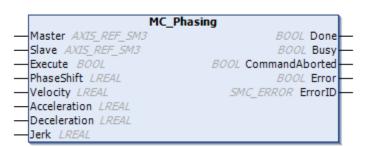
	Name	Туре	Description
IN_OUT	Master	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the master axis
	Slave	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the slave axis
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.
	RatioNumerator	DINT	Gear ratio Numerator
	RatioDenominator	DINT	Gear ratio Denominator
	MasterSyncPosition	LREAL	Master position where the axes run in sync.
	SlaveSyncPosition	LREAL	Slave position where the axes run in sync.
			Master distance for the gear in procedure (where the slave axis will be
			started for getting into synchronization). In other words, the slave is
	Mark Charles	IDEAL	brought into sync with the master during this distance, i.e. from
	MasterStartDistance	LREAL	MasterSyncPosition - MasterStartDistance until MasterSyncPosition.
			If MasterStartDistance is 0 (or negative), then the slave movement is
			started immediately.
		BOOL	TRUE: Signals that the reversal of the module slave is physically
	AvoidReversal		impossible or might lead to damage.
			FALSE: Signals that the reversal of the slave is physically possible and
			acceptable.
OUT	StartSync	BOOL	TRUE: Commanded gearing has been started.
	InSync	BOOL	TRUE: Commanded gearing has been completed.
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.
	CommandAborted	BOOL	TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification

# 7.6.6 MC\_GearOut

Name			Description	Type
MC_Ge	arOut	This FB disengages the slav	re axis from the master axis.	FB
		— Slave AXIS_REF_SM — Execute BOOL	MC_GearOut  BOOL Done  BOOL Busy  BOOL Error  SMC_ERROR ErrorID	
	Name	Туре	Description	
IN_OUT	Slave	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the slave axis	
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.	
OUT	Done	BOOL	TRUE: Slave axis has been disengaged.	
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.	
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.	
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification	

# 7.6.7 MC\_Phasing

Name	Description	Type
MC_Phasing	This Function Block creates a phase shift in the master position of a slave axis relative to the	FB
	existing phase shift. The master position is shifted in relation to the real physical position.	



	Name	Type	Description
IN_OUT	Master	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the master axis
	Slave	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the slave axis
IN	Execute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.
	PhaseShift	LREAL	Phase difference between master and slave [u]
	Velocity	LREAL	Maximum velocity for reaching phase difference [u/s]
	Acceleration	LREAL	Maximum acceleration for reaching phase difference [u/s <sup>2</sup> ]
	Deceleration	LREAL	Maximum deceleration for reaching phase difference [u/s²]
	Jerk	LREAL	Maximum jerk for reaching phase difference [u/s³]
OUT	Done	BOOL	TRUE: Commanded phasing has been reached.
	Busy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.
	CommandAborted	BOOL	TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.
	Error	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.
	ErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification

# 7.7 Utility Function Blocks

#### 7.7.1 SMC3\_ReinitDrive

Name	Description	Type
SMC3_ReinitDrive	This FB reinits a drive/axis. That means that the start-up phase is run through again and	FB
	the application cannot control the drive until the function block set bDone = TRUE.	



	Name	Туре	Description
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis
IN	bExecute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.
	bVirtual	BOOL	TRUE: Virtual mode
OUT	bDone	BOOL	TRUE: Reinitialization has been completed.
	bBusy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.
	bError	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.
	nErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification

# 7.7.2 SMC\_GetTappetValue

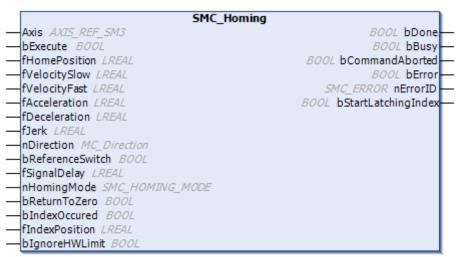
Name	Description	
SMC_GetTappetValue	his FB evaluates the output Tappets of function block MC_CamIn and contains the	
	current tappet status.	
	SMC GetTappetValue	



	Name	Type	Description
IN_OUT	Tappets	SMC_TappetData	Tappet signals to be evaluated by MC_GetTappetValue
IN	iID	INT	Group ID of the tappet to be evaluated
	bInitValue	BOOL	Initial value of the tappet to be assigned at first call
			TRUE: Sets the value of the tappet to bInitValue at a restart of the
	bSetInitValueAtReset	BOOL	MC_CamIn FB.
			FALSE: Retains the tappet value at a restart of the MC_CamIn FB.
OUT	bTappet	BOOL	Tappet value

#### 7.7.3 SMC\_Homing

Name	Description	Type
SMC_Homing	This FB causes the execution of a homing drive of the axis. If SMC_Homing is executed, the axis is moved at fVelocityFast in the direction specified by nDirection as long as bReferenceSwitch = FALSE. The reference switch is then closed. The axis is decelerated and driven at fVelocitySlow in the opposite direction. At the point at which the reference switch opens with bReferenceSwitch = TRUE, the reference position fHomePosition is set and the drive is stopped.	FB



	Name	Туре	Description
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis
IN	bExecute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.
	fHomePosition	LREAL	Home position taken after homing completed [u].
	fVelocitySlow	LREAL	Low velocity; used to drive out of the reference switch [u/s]
	fVelocityFast	LREAL	High velocity; used until reference switch is found [u/s]
	fAcceleration	LREAL	Acceleration [u/s <sup>2</sup> ] (positive)
	fDeceleration	LREAL	Deceleration [u/s <sup>2</sup> ] (positive)
	fJerk	LREAL	Jerk [u/s³] (positive)
	nDirection	MC_Direction	Direction positive (1), negative (-1) (Refer to section 7.9 Enumeration)
	bReferenceSwitch	BOOL	TRUE: Switches the reference.
	fSignalDelay	LREAL	Time [s] for bReferenceSwitch to be transmitted.  (The result of (fVelocitySlow * fSignalDelay) will be added to home position as a offset after homing done.)
	nHomingMode	SMC_HOMING_MODE	Homing mode (Refer to section 7.9 Enumeration)
	bReturnToZero	BOOL	TRUE: Moves to position zero after homing.
	bIndexOccurred	BOOL	Index pulse
	fIndexPosition	LREAL	Position where index occurred
	bIgnoreHWLimit	BOOL	TRUE: Sets bHWLimitEnable (parameter in AXIS_REF_SM3) = FALSE during homing.
OUT	bDone	BOOL	TRUE: Homing has been done.
	bBusy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.
	bCommandAborted	BOOL	TRUE: Command has been aborted by another command.
	bError	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.
	nErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification
	bStartLatchingIndex	BOOL	For some homing modes, the index pulse is evaluated.  TRUE: Storing of the index pulse has been started and must be done by the application. The result is expected in the inputs bIndexOccured and fIndexPosition.

#### 7.7.4 SMC SetTorque

····· •····•			
Name		Description	
SMC_SetTorque	This FB can be used to	This FB can be used to create a torque if the drive is in controller mode 'torque'.	
		SMC_SetTorque  Axis AXIS_REF_SM3 BOOL bBusy— bEnable BOOL BETOR— fTorque LREAL SMC_ERROR nErrorID—	
Name	Type Description		
IN_OUT Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis	

	Name	Type	Description
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis
IN	bEnable	BOOL	TRUE: Enables the execution of the FB.
	fTorque	LREAL	Torque [Nm]
OUT	bBusy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.
	bError	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.
	nErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification

# 7.7.5 SMC\_SetControllerMode

Name	Description	Type
SMC_SetControllerMode	This FB sets the byControllerMode (command value of operation mode) parameter of	
	the axis and waits until the parameter byRealControllerMode (actual value of operation	
	mode) reflects this value.	



	Name	Туре	Description
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis
IN	bExecute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.
	nControllerMode	SMC_CONTROLLER_MODE	Controller mode (ENUM)
OUT	bDone	BOOL	TRUE: Mode switching has been done.
	bBusy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.
	bError	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.
	nErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification

#### 7.7.6 SMC SetMovementType

7.7.6 SMC_SetMovementType				
	Name	Description		
SMC_SetMovementType This FB sets the movement		This FB sets the movement	type of a virtual axis to linear or modulo.	FB
SMC_SetMovementType				
	Name	Туре	Description	
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis	
IN	bExecute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.	
	iMovementType	INT	0: modulo 1: linear	
	fPositionPeriod	LREAL	The new position period for modulo movement, must be po	sitive.
OUT	bDone	BOOL	TRUE: Movement setting has been done.	
	bError	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.	
	eErrorID	SMC_ERROR	Error identification	

# 7.7.7 SMC\_SetRampType

OUT

bDone

bError

eErrorID

BOOL

BOOL

SMC\_ERROR (ENUM)

1.1.1 SINC_SetRampType					
	Name Description			Type	
SMC_S	SetRampType :	This FB sets the ramp type of an axis	to a new value. Can only be used when the axis is	FB	
	i	n the state 'Standstill' or power_off.			
	SMC_SetRampType  — Axis AXIS_REF_SM3 BOOL bDone— bExecute BOOL BOOL bError— eRampType SMC_RAMPTYPE SMC_ERROR eErrorID—				
	Name	Туре	Description		
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis		
IN	bExecute	BOOL	Starts the execution of the FB at rising edge.		
	eRampType	SMC_RAMPTYPE (ENUM)	Defines the new ramp type.		

TRUE: Ramp type has been set.

Error identification

TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.

# 7.7.8 SMC\_InPosition

Name	Description		
SMC_InPosition	This FB monitors the offset between the nominal and actual positions of an axis (drag		
	error). This tests whether the drag error lies within a specified value range for over a		
	defined period of time (position window).		
	SMC_InPosition		

	Name	Type	Description
	Name	туре	Description
IN_OUT	Axis	AXIS_REF_SM3	Reference to the axis
IN	bEnable	BOOL	TRUE: Enables the execution of the FB.
	fDWiI	IDEAL	The drive is inside the position window, if fPosWindow >=
	fPosWindow	LREAL	Distance (actual position, set position) [u].
	fPosTime	LREAL	Time that the FB has to stay inside the position window
	1POSTIIIIe	LKEAL	before bInPosition is set [s].
			If the time since enabling the FB is larger than this value
	fTimeOut	LREAL	and bInPosition is not set, bTimeOut is set; this mechanism
			is deactivated, if $fTimeOut = 0$ .
OUT	bInPosition	BOOL	TRUE: Parameter is available
	bBusy	BOOL	TRUE: The FB is in operation.
	bTimeout	BOOL	TRUE: Error has occurred within the FB.

# 7.8 STRUCT

# 7.8.1 MC\_TP\_REF

Name	Туре	Initial	Description	
Number_of_pairs	INT	0	This variable is not used.	
lsAbsolute	BOOL	TRUE	TRUE: Absolute FALSE: Relative	
MC_TP_Array	ARRAY [1100] OF SMC_TP		Time/Positions	

# 7.8.2 MC\_TV\_REF

Name	Туре	Initial	Description	
Number_of_pairs	INT	0	This variable is not used.	
lsAbsolute	BOOL	TRUE	TRUE: Absolute FALSE: Relative	
MC_TV_Array	ARRAY [1100] OF SMC_TV		Time/Velocity	

# 7.8.3 MC\_TA\_REF

Name	Туре	Initial	Description	
Number_of_pairs	INT	0	This variable is not used.	
lsAbsolute	BOOL	TRUE	TRUE: Absolute FALSE: Relative	
MC_TA_Array	ARRAY [1100] OF SMC_TA		Time/Acceleration	

# 7.8.4 SMC\_TP

Name	Туре	Initial	Description
delta_time	TIME	0	Period of time between reaching the last and the current point
position	LREAL	0	Position

# 7.8.5 SMC\_TV

Name	Type	Initial	Description
delta_time	TIME	0	Period of time between reaching the last and the current point
Velocity	LREAL	0	Velocity

# 7.8.6 SMC\_TA

Name	Type	Initial	Description
delta_time	TIME	0	Period of time between reaching the last and the current point
Acceleration	LREAL	0	Acceleration

# 7.8.7 TRIGGER\_REF

Name	Туре	Initial	Description		
iTriggerNumber	INT	-1	Trigger channel; defined by driver (only used when bFastLatching=TRUE)		
bFastLatching	BOOL	TRUE	TRUE: Latching is done in drive (precise).  FALSE: Latching is done with bInput in the cycle of the motion task (unprecise).		
bInput	BOOL		Trigger signal when bFastLatching=FALSE.		
bActive	BOOL	FALSE	Internal variable		

### 7.8.8 MC\_CAMSWITCH\_REF

Name	Туре	Initial	Description
NoOfSwitches	ВҮТЕ	0	Number of switch positions
CamSwitchPtr	POINTER TO MC_CAMSWITCH_TR	0	Address of MC_CAMSWITCH_TR

# 7.8.9 MC\_CAMSWITCH\_TR

Name	Туре	Initial	Description		
TrackNumber	INT		Number of the output; several position ranges per output are possible. [132]		
FirstOnPosition	LREAL		Switch-on position of the output		
LastOnPosition	LREAL		Switch-off position of the output		
AxisDirection	INT		0: The output is switched in two directions.     1: The output is only switched in positive direction.     2: The output is only switched in negative direction.		
CamSwitchMode	INT		O: The tappets are calculated position-based.  1: The tappets are calculated time-based, whereby only the value of FirstOnPosition will be used and the output will stay TRUE for the given time 'Duration'.		
Duration	TIME		Period of time for which the tappet output stays TRUE in case of CamSwitchMode=1.		

# 7.8.10 MC\_CAM\_ID

Name	Туре	Initial	Description
pCT	POINTER TO BYTE		This STRUCT is an interface
Periodic	BOOL	FALSE	between output of
MasterAbsolute	BOOL	FALSE	MC_CamTableSelect and input
SlaveAbsolute	BOOL	FALSE	of MC_CamIn.
StartMaster	LREAL	0	
EndMaster	LREAL	0	
StartSlave	LREAL	0	
EndSlave	LREAL	0	
byCompatibilityMode	BYTE		

# 7.8.11 SMC\_TAPPETDATA

Name	Туре	Initial	Description
pTaps	ARRAY [02] OF POINTER TO SMC_CAMTappet		This STRUCT is an interface
dwCycleTime	DWORD		between output of MC_CamIn
byChannels	ВУТЕ	3	and input of
bRestart	BOOL		SMC_GetTappetValue.

# 7.8.12 SMC\_CAMTAPPET

Name	Туре	Initial	Description
ctt	SMC_CAMTAPPETTYPE (ENUM)		
cta	SMC_CAMTAPPETACTION (ENUM)		
dwDelay	DWORD		In case of cta = TAPPETACTION.TAPPETACTION_time, this value determines the delay time in $\mu$ s.
dwDuration	DWORD		In case of cta = TAPPETACTION.TAPPETACTION_time, this value determines the time in µs, for which the tappet is switched to on.
iGroupID	INT		Group or track ID of the tappet output that is switched.
X	LREAL		Master position where tappet is switched.
dwActive	DWORD	16#FFFFFFF	Internal variable

# 7.8.13 MC\_TRACK\_TR

Name	Туре	Initial	Description
OnCompensation	LREAL		ON delay time [s]
OffCompensation	LREAL		OFF delay time [s]
Hysteresis	LREAL		Hysteresis

# 7.9 Enumeration (ENUM)

# 7.9.1 MC\_DIRECTION

Name	Value	Description
factost	2	Selects the direction automatically in order to reach the target position as fast as
fastest	3	possible (only modulo axes).
current	2	Keeps the current direction to reach the target (only modulo axes).
positive	1	Moves in positive direction.
shortest	0	Selects the direction according to the shortest distance (only modulo axes).
negative	-1	Moves in negative direction.

# 7.9.2 MC\_TAPPETMODE

Name	Value	Description
tp_mode_auto	0	Auto mode
tp_mode_demandposition	1	Use set values
tp_mode_actualposition	2	Use actual values

# 7.9.3 MC\_STARTMODE

Name	Value	Description
absolute	0	Absolute position
relative	1	Relative position
ramp_in	2	With acceleration
ramp_in_pos	3	With acceleration (positive)
ramp_in_neg	4	With acceleration (negative)

# 7.9.4 SMC\_CAMTAPPETTYPE

Name	Value	Description
TAPPET_pos	0	Tappet action active when the master passes its position in positive direction.
TAPPET_all	1	Tappet action active when the master passes its position in both directions.
TAPPET_neg	2	Tappet action active when the master passes its position in negative direction.

# 7.9.5 SMC\_CAMTAPPETACTION

Name	Value	Description
TAPPETACTION_on	0	Switches on.
TAPPETACTION_off	1	Switches off.
TAPPETACTION_inv	2	Inverts.
TAPPETACTION_time	3	Switches on after a delay for a certain time period.

# 7.9.6 SMC\_RAMPTYPE

Name	Value	Description
trapez	0	Trapezoid
sinsquare	1	Sin <sup>2</sup>
quadratic_ramp	2	Quadratic ramp
quadratic_smooth_ramp	3	Quadratic ramp (smooth)

# 7.9.7 SMC\_CONTROLLER\_MODE

Name	Value	Description
SMC_nocontrol	0	_
SMC_torque	1	Torque
SMC_velocity	2	Velocity
SMC_position	3	Position
SMC_current	4	Current

# 7.9.8 SMC\_HOMING\_MODE

Name	Value	Description
EACT DOLOW C CTOD	0	Move with fast velocity onto the reference switch; invert and move with slow
FAST_BSLOW_S_STOP		velocity out of the reference switch; execute 'Set position'; stop
EAST DSLOW STOD S	1	Move with fast velocity onto the reference switch; invert and move with slow
FAST_BSLOW_STOP_S	1	velocity out of the reference switch; stop; execute 'Set position'
EACT DOLOW I C CTOD	2	Move with fast velocity onto the reference switch; invert and move with slow velocity out of
FAST_BSLOW_I_S_STOP		the reference switch; wait for the index pulse; execute 'Set position'; stop
EACT CLOW C CTOD	4	Move with fast velocity onto the reference switch; move with slow velocity out of
FAST_SLOW_S_STOP		the reference switch; execute 'Set position'; stop
FAST SLOW STOP S	5	Move with fast velocity onto the reference switch; move with slow velocity out of
rasi_slow_sior_s		the reference switch; stop; execute 'Set position'
EACT CLOW I C CTOD	6	Move with fast velocity onto the reference switch; move with slow velocity out of
FAST_SLOW_I_S_STOP		the reference switch; wait for the index pulse; execute 'Set position'; stop

#### 7.9.9 SMC ERROR

7.9.9 SMC_ERROR	1.7.1	D
Name	Value	Description
SMC_NO_ERROR	0	No error
SMC_DI_GENERAL_COMMUNICATION_ERROR	1	Communication error. For example, Sercos ring has
		broken.
SMC_DI_AXIS_ERROR	2	Axis error
SMC_DI_FIELDBUS_LOST_SYNCRONICITY	3	Fieldbus has lost synchronism.
SMC_DI_SWLIMITS_EXCEEDED	10	Position outside of permissible range of SWLimit
SMC_DI_HWLIMITS_EXCEEDED	11	Hardware end switch is active.
SMC_DI_LINEAR_AXIS_OUTOFRANGE	12	This error occurs if a linear axis has more than 2^15
		32-bit overflows of the position in increments.
SMC_DI_HALT_OR_QUICKSTOP_NOT_SUPPORTED	13	Drive status Halt or Quickstop is not supported.
SMC_DI_VOLTAGE_DISABLED	14	Drive has no power.
SMC_DI_IRREGULAR_ACTPOSITION	15	This error is no longer used.
SMC_DI_POSITIONLAGERROR	16	Position lag error. Difference between set and current
		position exceeds the given limit.
SMC_DI_HOMING_ERROR	17	Homing error reported by axis.
SMC_REGULATOR_OR_START_NOT_SET	20	Controller enable not done or brake applied.
SMC_WRONG_CONTROLLER_MODE	21	Axis in wrong controller mode
SMC_INVALID_ACTION_FOR_LOGICAL	25	Invalid action at logical axis
SMC_FB_WASNT_CALLED_DURING_MOTION	30	Motion creating module has not been called again before
SMC_IB_WISHI_CHEEB_BCKH(G_NZOTION	30	end of the motion.
SMC_AXIS_IS_NO_AXIS_REF	31	Type of given AXIS_REF variable is not AXIS_REF.
SMC_AXIS_REF_CHANGED_DURING_OPERATION	32	AXIS_REF variable has been exchanged while the
SMC_IMIS_KLI_CHINIOLD_DOKINO_OF ERATION	32	module was active.
SMC_FB_ACTIVE_AXIS_DISABLED	33	Axis disabled while being moved.
SWC_PD_ACTIVE_AAIS_DISABLED	33	MC_Power.bRegulatorOn
SMC AVIS NOT DEADY FOR MOTION	34	Axis in its current state cannot execute a motion
SMC_AXIS_NOT_READY_FOR_MOTION	34	command, because the axis doesn't signal currently that it
		follows the target values.
SMC_AXIS_ERROR_DURING_MOTION	35	The drive reported an error during an ongoing movement.
SMC_VD_MAX_VELOCITY_EXCEEDED	40	Maximum velocity fMaxVelocity exceeded.
		•
SMC_VD_MAX_ACCELERATION_EXCEEDED	41	Maximum acceleration fMaxAcceleration exceeded.
SMC_VD_MAX_DECELERATION_EXCEEDED	42	Maximum deceleration fMaxDeceleration exceeded.
SMC_3SH_INVALID_VELACC_VALUES	50	Invalid velocity or acceleration values (SMC_Homing)
SMC_3SH_MODE_NEEDS_HWLIMIT	51	Mode requests for safety reasons use of end switches.
GMG EDG NO EDEE HANDLE	60	(SMC_Homing)
SMC_FRC_NO_FREE_HANDLE	60	No free handle has been sent to open file.
SMC_SCM_NOT_SUPPORTED	70	Mode not supported (SMC_SetControllerMode)
SMC_SCM_AXIS_IN_WRONG_STATE	71	In current mode, controller mode cannot be changed.
		(SMC_SetControllerMode)
SMC_SCM_INTERRUPTED	72	SMC_SetControllerMode has been interrupted by
and at Albana control to		MC_Stop or errorstop.
SMC_ST_WRONG_CONTROLLER_MODE	75	Axis not in correct controller mode. Deprecated, no
		longer returned by SMC_SetTorque.
SMC_RAG_ERROR_DURING_STARTUP	80	Error at startup of the axis group
		(SMC_ResetAxisGroup)
SMC_RAG_ERROR_AXIS_NOT_INITIALIZED	81	The axis is not yet in the required state.

Name	Value	Description
SMC_PP_WRONG_AXIS_TYPE	85	The function block does not support virtual or logical
		axes.
SMC_PP_NUMBER_OF_ABSOLUTE_BITS_INVALID	86	The number of absolute bits is invalid, must be in the
		range 8 32.
SMC_CGR_ZERO_VALUES	90	Invalid values (SMC_ChangeGearingRatio)
SMC_CGR_DRIVE_POWERED	91	Gearing parameters must not be changed as long as the drive is under control. (SMC_ChangeGearingRatio)
SMC_CGR_INVALID_POSPERIOD	92	Invalid modulo period (<= 0 or greater than half the bus
	/-	bandwidth) (SMC_ChangeGearingRatio)
SMC_CGR_POSPERIOD_NOT_INTEGRAL	93	The modulo period in increments is not an integer, but
		the modulo-handling is done by the drive.
		(SMC_ChangeGearingRatio)
SMC_P_FTASKCYCLE_EMPTY	110	Axis contain no information on cycle time (fTaskCycle =
		0). (MC_Reset)
SMC_R_NO_ERROR_TO_RESET	120	Axis without error (MC_Reset)
SMC_R_DRIVE_DOESNT_ANSWER	121	Axis does not perform error-reset. (MC_Reset)
SMC_R_ERROR_NOT_RESETTABLE	122	Error could not be reset. (MC_Reset)
SMC_R_DRIVE_DOESNT_ANSWER_IN_TIME	123 130	Communication with the axis did not work. (MC_Reset)
SMC_RP_PARAM_UNKNOWN	130	Parameter number unknown (MC_ReadParameter)  Error during transmission to the drives. See error number
SMC_RP_REQUESTING_ERROR	131	in function block instance ReadDriveParameter.
		(MC_ReadParameter)
SMC_RP_DRIVE_PARAMETER_NOT_MAPPED	132	No assignment for drive parameters available
		(MC_ReadParameter)
SMC_RP_PARAM_CONVERSION_ERROR	133	Conversion of the value to / from the drive parameters
		failed. Unknown SoftMotion parameters.
		(MC_ReadParameter)
SMC_WP_PARAM_INVALID	140	Parameter number unknown or writing not allowed
		(MC_WriteParameter)
SMC_WP_SENDING_ERROR	141	See error number in function block instance
SMC_WP_DRIVE_PARAMETER_NOT_MAPPED	142	WriteDriveParameter. (MC_WriteParameter)  No assignment for drive parameters available
SMC_WF_DRIVE_FARAMETER_NOT_MAFFED	142	(MC_WriteParameter)
SMC_WP_PARAM_CONVERSION_ERROR	143	Conversion of the value to / from the drive parameters
		failed. Unknown SoftMotion parameters.
		(MC_WriteParameter)
SMC_H_AXIS_WASNT_STANDSTILL	170	Axis has not been in standstill state. (MC_Home)
SMC_H_AXIS_DIDNT_START_HOMING	171	Error at start of homing action. (MC_Home)
SMC_H_AXIS_DIDNT_ANSWER	172	Communication error. (MC_Home)
SMC_H_ERROR_WHEN_STOPPING	173	Error at stop after homing. Deceleration may not be set.
		(MC_Home)
SMC_H_AXIS_IN_ERRORSTOP	174	Drive is in errorstop status. Homing cannot be executed.
		(MC_Home)
SMC_MS_UNKNOWN_STOPPING_ERROR	180	Unknown error at stop (MC_Stop)
SMC_MS_INVALID_ACCDEC_VALUES	181	Invalid velocity or acceleration values (MC_Stop)
SMC_MS_DIRECTION_NOT_APPLICABLE	182	Direction = shortest not applicable (MC_Stop)

Name	Value	Description
SMC_MS_AXIS_IN_ERRORSTOP	183	Drive is in errorstop status. Stop cannot be executed.
		(MC_Stop)
SMC_BLOCKING_MC_STOP_WASNT_CALLED	184	Instance of MC_Stop blocking the axis by Execute =
		TRUE has not been called yet. MC_Stop (Execute =
		FALSE) has to be called.
SMC_UNKNOWN_TASK_INTERVAL	200	The task interval of the bus task could not be determined.
SMC_MA_INVALID_VELACC_VALUES	201	Invalid velocity or acceleration values
		(MC_MoveAbsolute)
SMC_MA_INVALID_DIRECTION	202	Direction error (MC_MoveAbsolute)
SMC_MR_INVALID_VELACC_VALUES	226	Invalid velocity or acceleration values
CMC MD DIVALID DIDECTION	227	(MC_MoveRelative)
SMC_MR_INVALID_DIRECTION	227	Direction error (MC_MoveRelative)
SMC_MAD_INVALID_VELACC_VALUES	251	Invalid velocity or acceleration values (MC_MoveAdditive)
SMC MAD INVALID DIDECTION	252	Direction error (MC_MoveAdditive)
SMC_MAD_INVALID_DIRECTION SMC_MSI_INVALID_VELACC_VALUES	276	Invalid velocity or acceleration values
SWC_WSI_IVVALID_VELACC_VALUES	270	(MC_MoveSuperImposed)
SMC_MSI_INVALID_DIRECTION	277	Direction error (MC_MoveSuperImposed)
SMC_LOGICAL_NO_REAL_AXIS	300	No longer used; only for compatibility
SMC_MV_INVALID_ACCDEC_VALUES	301	Invalid velocity or acceleration values
		(MC_MoveVelocity)
SMC_MV_DIRECTION_NOT_APPLICABLE	302	Direction = shortest/fastest not applicable
		(MC_MoveVelocity)
SMC_PP_ARRAYSIZE	325	Erroneous array size (MC_PositionProfile)
SMC_PP_STEP0MS	326	Step time = t#0s (MC_PositionProfile)
SMC_VP_ARRAYSIZE	350	Erroneous array size (MC_VelocityProfile)
SMC_VP_STEP0MS	351	Step time = t#0s (MC_VelocityProfile)
SMC_AP_ARRAYSIZE	375	Erroneous array size (MC_AccelerationProfile)
SMC_AP_STEP0MS	376	Step time = t#0s (MC_AccelerationProfile)
SMC_TP_TRIGGEROCCUPIED	400	Trigger already active (MC_TouchProbe)
SMC_TP_COULDNT_SET_WINDOW	401	DriveInterface does not support the window function.
		(MC_TouchProbe)
SMC_TP_COMM_ERROR	402	Communication error (MC_TouchProbe)
SMC_AT_TRIGGERNOTOCCUPIED	410	Trigger already de-allocated (MC_AbortTrigger)
SMC_MCR_INVALID_VELACC_VALUES	426	Invalid velocity or acceleration values
		(MC_MoveContinuousRelative)
SMC_MCR_INVALID_DIRECTION	427	Invalid direction (MC_MoveContinuousRelative)
SMC_MCA_INVALID_VELACC_VALUES	451	Invalid velocity or acceleration values
and have bright to brighter.	450	(MC_MoveContinuousAbsolute)
SMC_MCA_INVALID_DIRECTION	452	Invalid direction (MC_MoveContinuousAbsolute)
SMC_MCA_DIRECTION_NOT_APPLICABLE	453	Direction = fastest not applicable
CMC CDL INVALID AVIC CTATE	475	(MC_MoveContinuousAbsolute)
SMC_SDL_INVALID_AXIS_STATE	475	SMC_ChangeDynamicLimits may only be called in state
CMC CDL INVALID VELACO VALUES	176	standstill or power_off. (SMC_changeDynamicLimits)
SMC_SDL_INVALID_VELACC_VALUES	476	Invalid velocity, acceleration, deceleration or jerk values
		(SMC_changeDynamicLimits)

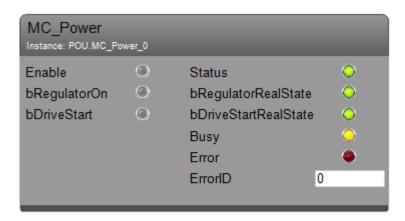
Name	Value	Description
SMC_CR_NO_TAPPETS_IN_CAM	600	Cam does not contain any tappets. (SMC_CamRegister)
SMC_CR_TOO_MANY_TAPPETS	601	Tappet group ID exceeds MAX_NUM_TAPPETS.
		(SMC_CamRegister)
SMC_CR_MORE_THAN_32_ACCESSES	602	More than 32 accesses on one CAM_REF.
		(SMC_CamRegister)
SMC_CI_NO_CAM_SELECTED	625	No cam selected (MC_CamIn)
SMC_CI_MASTER_OUT_OF_SCALE	626	Master axis out of valid range (MC_CamIn)
SMC_CI_RAMPIN_NEEDS_VELACC_VALUES	627	Velocity and acceleration values must be specified for
		ramp_in function. (MC_CamIn)
SMC_CI_SCALING_INCORRECT	628	Scaling variables fEditor/TableMasterMin/Max are not
GMC CL TOO MANY TARRETS REP. CVCLE	620	correct. (MC_CamIn)
SMC_CI_TOO_MANY_TAPPETS_PER_CYCLE	629	Too many tappets became active during one cycle.
CMC CD NOT IMBI EMENTED	640	(MC_CamIn)
SMC_CB_NOT_IMPLEMENTED	040	Function block for the given cam format is not implemented.
		(SMC_CAMBounds, SMC_CAMBounds_Pos)
SMC_GI_RATIO_DENOM	675	RatioDenominator = 0 (MC_GearIn)
SMC_GI_INVALID_ACC	676	Acceleration invalid (MC_GearIn)
SMC_GI_INVALID_DEC	677	Deceleration invalid (MC_GearIn)
SMC_GI_MASTER_REGULATOR_CHANGED	678	Status Enable/Disable of the master has changed without
	0,0	permission. (MC_GearIn)
SMC_GI_INVALID_JERK	679	Jerk invalid (MC_GearIn)
SMC_PH_INVALID_VELACCDEC	725	Velocity and acceleration/deceleration values invalid
		(MC_Phase)
SMC_PH_ROTARYAXIS_PERIOD0	726	Rotation axis with fPositionPeriod = 0 (MC_Phase)
SMC_NO_CAM_REF_TYPE	750	Type of given cam is not MC_CAM_REF.
SMC_CAM_TABLE_DOES_NOT_COVER_MASTER_SCALE	751	Master area, xStart and xEnd, from CamTable is not
		covered by curve data. (MC_CamTableSelect)
SMC_CAM_TABLE_EMPTY_MASTER_RANGE	752	Cam data table has empty master range.
		(MC_CamTableSelect)
SMC_CAM_TABLE_INVALID_MASTER_MINMAX	753	Cam data master has invalid max-, min-values.
		(MC_CamTableSelect)
SMC_CAM_TABLE_INVALID_SLAVE_MINMAX	754	Cam data slave has invalid max-, min-values.
		(MC_CamTableSelect)
SMC_GIP_MASTER_DIRECTION_CHANGE	775	During coupling of slave axis, master axis has changed
		direction of rotation. (MC_GearInPos)
SMC_GIP_SLAVE_REVERSAL_CANNOT_BE_AVOIDED	776	Input AvoidReversal is set, but slave reversal cannot be
	<u> </u>	avoided. (MC_GearInPos)
SMC_GIP_AVOID_REVERSAL_FOR_FINITE_AXIS	777	Input AvoidReversal must not be set for finite slave axes.
ava na ny maa ny	000	(MC_GearInPos)
SMC_BC_BL_TOO_BIG	800	Gear backlash fBacklash too large (> position period/2)
CMC ODDOE DIVEDCES	925	(SMC_BacklashCompensation)
SMC_QPROF_DIVERGES	825	Internal error: computation of quadratic trajectory failed
SMC_QPROF_INVALID_PARAMETER	826	Internal error: computation of quadratic trajectory failed
SMC_QPROF_NO_RESULT	827	Internal error: computation of quadratic trajectory failed
SMC_QPROF_INVALID_NEW_LBD	828	Internal error: computation of quadratic trajectory failed

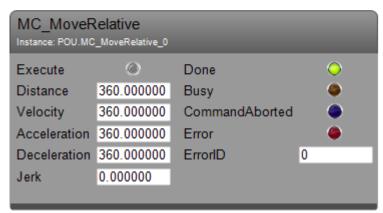
Name	Value	Description
SMC_QPROF_BAD_NEGOTIATION	829	Internal error: computation of quadratic trajectory failed
SMC_QPROF_INVALID_INTERVAL	830	Internal error: computation of quadratic trajectory failed
SMC_QPROF_NOT_ENOUGH_PHASES	831	Internal error: computation of quadratic trajectory failed
SMC_SRT_NOT_STANDSTILL_OR_POWEROFF	850	Action only permitted in standstill or power_off
		(SMC_SetRampType)
SMC_SRT_INVALID_RAMPTYPE	851	Invalid ramp type (SMC_SetRampType)
SMC_SMT_NOT_STANDSTILL_OR_POWEROFF	852	Action only permitted in standstill or power_off
		(SMC_SetMovementType)
SMC_SMT_INVALID_MOVEMENTTYPE_OR_	853	Invalid motion type or position period
POSITIONPERIOD		(SMC_SetMovementType)
SMC_SMT_AXIS_NOT_VIRTUAL	854	Function block only applicable to virtual axis
		(SMC_SetMovementType)

# Chapter 8 Visualization Template

## 8.1 Overview

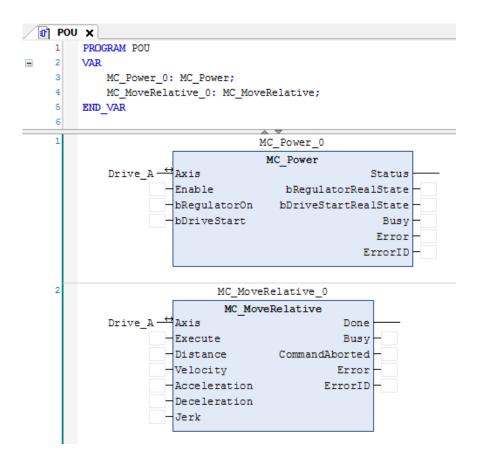
Visualization templates enable efficient debugging without inputs and outputs for function blocks in POUs.





## 8.2 Programming and Operation

This is a simple program including MC\_Power and MC\_MoveRelative only. As shown below, all the inputs and outputs other than Axis input can be opened.



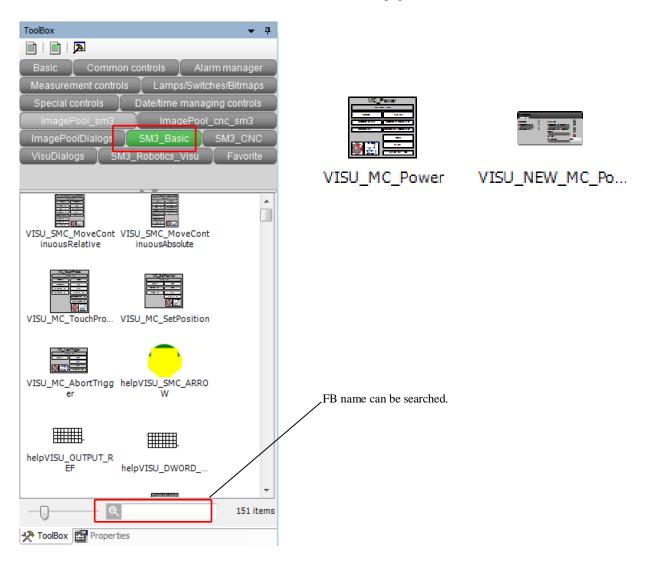
Right click on [Application] and choose [Add Object]-[Visualization...].



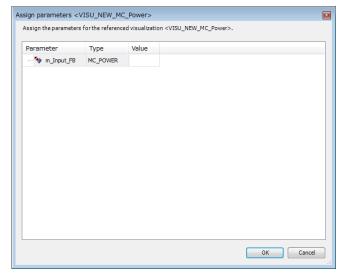
NOTE

When [Visualization] is added, also [WebVisualization] is added together automatically. However, the motion type CPU (HX-CP1S08M) does not support WebVisualization. It works only 30 minutes as a demo mode.

If you click [SM3\_Basic] in the Visualization page, the templates for all FBs in SM3\_Basic library appear. Drag VISU\_MC\_Power or VISU\_NEW\_MC\_Power to the Visualization page.



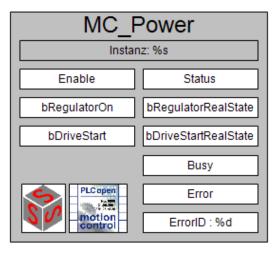
Then [Assign parameters] dialog appears. Click [OK] to proceed.

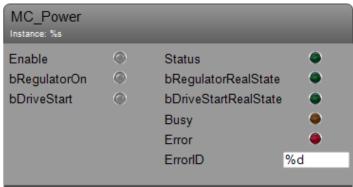


The template VISU\_MC\_xxx and VISU\_NEW\_MC\_xxx are completely same except for external design.

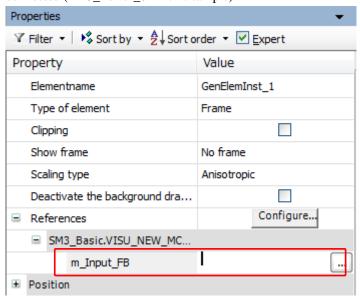
VISU\_MC\_Power

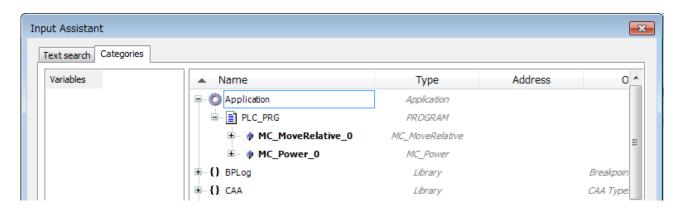
VISU\_NEW\_MC\_Power





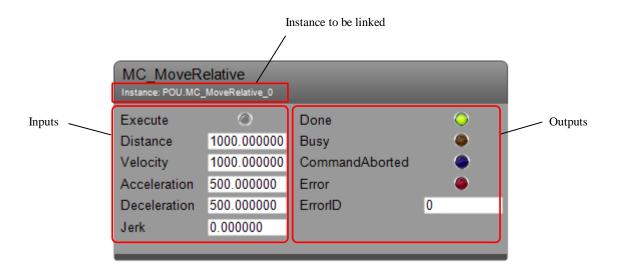
Click the template and click [...] button at [m\_Input\_FB] under [References] and choose the right instance to be connected ('MC\_Power\_0' in this sample).

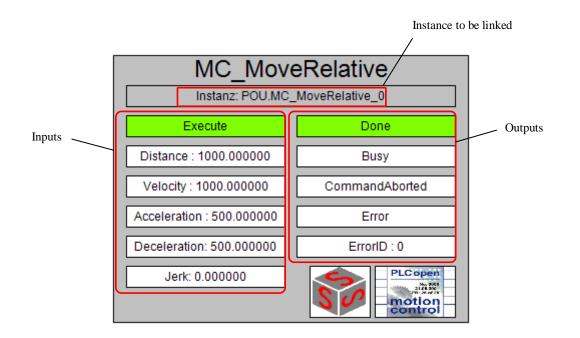




Set up a template for MC\_MoveRelative too.

After login and starting PLC, inputs and outputs of function blocks can be accessed with Visualization. The left hand side is input. Boolean inputs can be set or reset like a button and numerical data can be entered in the input field. The right hand side is output. The status of Boolean outputs can be seen as lamps. The numerical data can be seen in the output field.





### MEMO

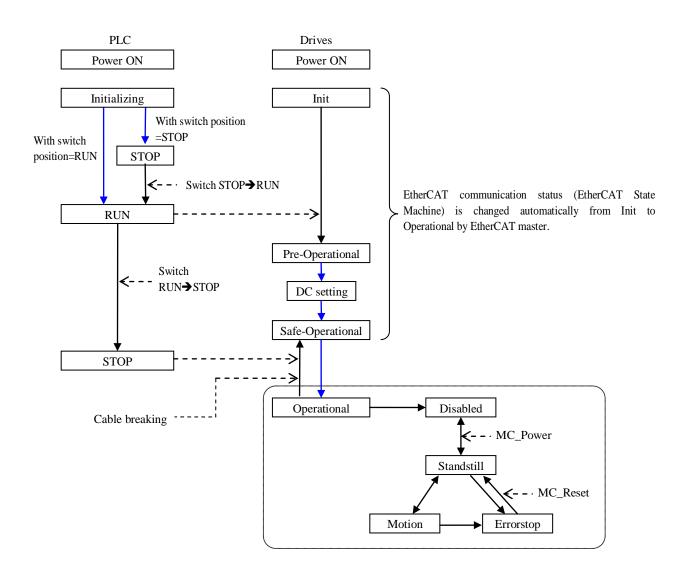
# Chapter 9 Trouble Shooting

## 9.1 Power-up Sequence

Power-up sequence is shown in the figure below. If your system does not work as expected, possible cause can be located in different area widely. Refer to the hints below or section 9.2 Trouble Shooting to solve.

#### Possible causes:

- In application program (e.g. Wrong usage of function block)
- In drives (e.g. stopped at Safe-Operational status)
- In network (e.g. DC synchronization is lost)
- In EtherCAT master (e.g. stopped with error)
- In CPU (e.g. stopped with overload error)



# 9.2 Trouble Shooting

	Check point	How to check	Action
1	Error indication of CPU	Check error LED and 7-segment LED.	Refer to HX application
	module	Login with HX-CODESYS and check CPU log.	manual (Hardware).
2	Error indication of drives	Check error LED or error code.	Refer to drive's
-	Error marcarron or arrives	Connect dedicated tool and check diagnostic information.	instruction manual.
3	Status of EtherCAT	Login with HX-CODESYS and check the EtherCAT master	Restart the EtherCAT
	Master	device.	master.
		[No error] [Error]	[Refer to Action-1]
		S EtherCAT_Master	
		ADVA_EC (HIT ADVA_EC (HIT)	
		6 & EtherCAT 6 & EtherCAT	
		EtherCAT  Stylength Drive_A  EtherCAT  Drive_A	
4	Status of drives	(1) Login with HX-CODESYS and check drives' status icon.	Check the drive's status
			and make the status be
		[No error] [Error]	'Operational'.
			[Refer to Action-3]
		Ether CAT_Master	
		S EtherCAT S therCAT	
		□ GH Drive_A □ □ GH Drive_A	
		ADVA_EC (HIT ADVA_EC (HIT ADVA_EC (HIT ADVA_EC (HIT ADVA_EC (HIT ADVA_EC (HIT ADVA_EC_AT ADVA_EC_1 ())  ADVA_EC_1 ()  ADVA_EC_1 ()  ADVA_EC_1 ()  ADVA_EC_1 ()	
		€ & EtherCAT	
		Drive_C	
		(2) Login with HX-CODESYS and check slaves' status	
		[Refer to Action-2]	
5	Status of axis	(1) Login with HX-CODESYS and check axes' status icon.	Execute MC_Reset or
			SMC3_ReinitDrive
		[No error] [Error]	[Refer to Action-5]
		→ O M ADVA_EC (HIT → O M ADVA_EC (HIT	
		S ≥ EtherCAT S ≥ EtherCAT	
		Orive_A Orive_A	
		ADVA_EC_1 () ADVA_	
		à EtherCAT	
		(2) Login with HX-CODESYS and check axes' status.	
		[Refer to Action-4]	
6	Status of function blocks	Check the status of 'Error' output for all function blocks.	Check input values.
		MC_MoveVelocity_0 MC_MoveVelocity	(The left figure shows
		Drive_A — Axis InVelocity FALSE MV_exe TRUE Execute Busy FALSE	error output because
		MWelo 0 Velocity CommandAborted FALSE  1000 Acceleration Error 1  1000 Beceleration Error 10  MMC ANIS N	velocity is 0. This can be
		1000 — Deceleration ErrorID — SMC AXIS N  0 — Jerk direc positive — Direction	fixed by setting a value
			other than 0.)

#### << Conditions to reproduce the error status No. 3 to 5 >>

No.3 Error in the EtherCAT master

- · The power of the first slave (connected to master) is temporary down.
- · Wire breaking between the master and the first slave.

#### No.4 Error in the drives

- The power of the 2<sup>nd</sup> or backward slave is temporary down.
- · Wire breaking between slaves.

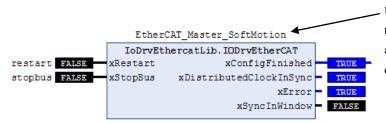
#### No.5 Error in the axes

· Axis became errorstop mode while 'Operational' mode.

#### Action-1: Restart the EtherCAT master

(a) Status checking and restarting the EtherCAT master by function block

Add the function block IoDrvEtherCAT to your program in advance. This FB returns the status and restarts the EtherCAT master.



Use the same instance as EtherCAT master device. Since this FB is implicitly declared when a master device is added, do not declare again in POU. If declaration is duplicated, CPU may stop with error.

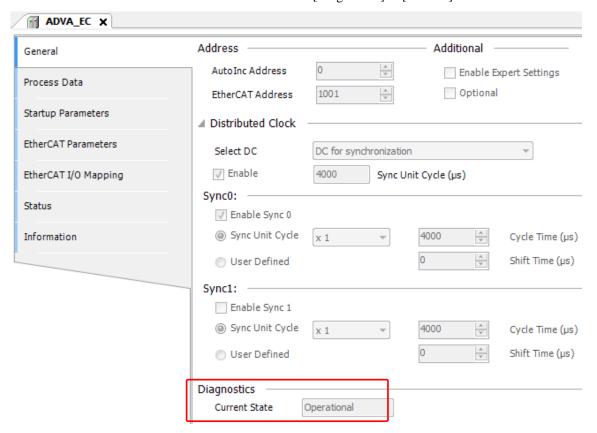
	Name	Description Type			Туре
loDrvl	EtherCAT	This FB returns the status of EtherCAT network and commands to restart or stop bus.		FB	
IoDrvEtherCAT					
	Name	<b>)</b>	Туре	Description	
IN	xRestart		BOOL	Rising edge: The master is restarted and all configuration parameters	are reloaded.
	xStopBus		BOOL	TRUE: Communication is stopped. No more EtherCAT telegrams ar devices, a restart is necessary after this because they are switched to	
OUT xConfigFinished BOOL TRUE: Transfer of all configuration parameters was compered errors. Communication is running on the bus.		leted with no			
xDistributedClockInSync BOOL		BOOL	If distributed clocks are used, then the PLC is synchronized with the first EtherCAT slave with the DC option activated.		
xError   BOOL		TRUE: Error has occurred when starting the EtherCAT stack or with the slave is interrupted because no more messages can be received.			
xSvncInWindow BOOL		BOOL	The output is TRUE when the <i>Sync Window Monitoring</i> option and the synchronization of all slaves is within the Sync Window		

#### (b) Reset operation

Instead of the FB IoDrvEtherCAT, EtherCAT master can be restarted by manual reset operation from HX-CODESYS. Be noted that CPU stops with this reset operation. The steps to reset are; Login with HX-CODESYS and choose [Online]-[Reset warm]. Then PLC is stopped and network is initialized. Start again manually afterward.

#### Action-2: Check slave's status

Double click a slave device in the device tree and check [Diagnostics] in [General] tab.



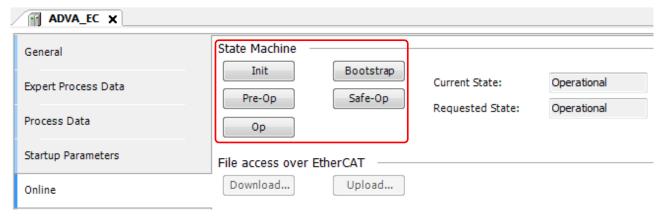
Just in case status is <Bad>, close the dialog and open again to update the status.

#### Action-3: Change the status to 'Operational'

#### (a) Manual operation

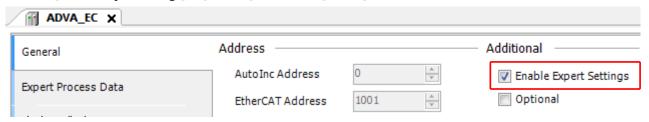
Login with HX-CODESYS, double click the slave device and click [Online] tab.

Change the status manually by the buttons in [State Machine]; [Init]→[Pre-Op]→[Safe-Op]→[Op].



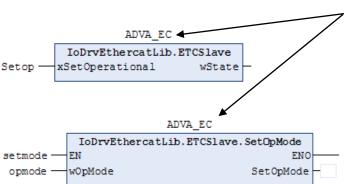
#### NOTE

Activate [Enable Expert Settings] in [General] tab to show [Online] tab.



#### (b) Change status by function block

Add the function block ETCSlave to your program in advance. This FB commands a setting operation mode.



Use the same instance as EtherCAT slave device. Since this FB is implicitly declared when a slave device is added, do not declare again in POU. If declaration is duplicated, CPU may stop with error.

	Name	Description				
Е	TCSlave	This FB re	eturns the current operation mode	and commands a setting operation mode.	FB	
	ETCSlave					
Name		Туре	Description			
IN	xSetOperational		BOOL	Rising edge: An attempt is made to s ETC_SLAVE_ OPERATIONAL mode.	witch to the	
OUT	wState		ETC_SLAVE_STATE	Current state of the slave		

#### ETC\_SLAVE\_STATE (ENUM)

Name	Value	Description
ETC_SLAVE_BOOT	3	Bootstrap (for firmware downloading)
ETC_SLAVE_INIT	1	Init
ETC_SLAVE_PREOPERATIONAL	2	Pre-Operational
ETC_SLAVE_SAVEOPERATIONAL	4	Safe-Operational
ETC_SLAVE_OPERATIONAL	8	Operational

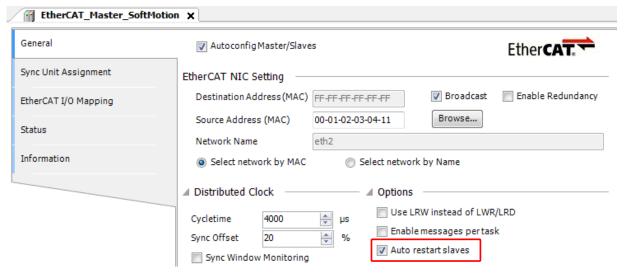
#### NOTE

xSetOperational input of ETCSlave is effective only when the current mode is 'Safe-Operational'.

If the current mode is 'Init' or 'Pre-Operational', use ETCSlave.SetOpMode and set operation mode in the sequence Init Pre-Op Safe-Op Op. The data type of wOpMode is ETC\_SLAVE\_STATE or WORD.

### Tip

If [Auto restart slaves] in EtherCAT master device is enabled, communication status is changed from 'Init' to 'Operational' automatically after temporary cable disconnection.

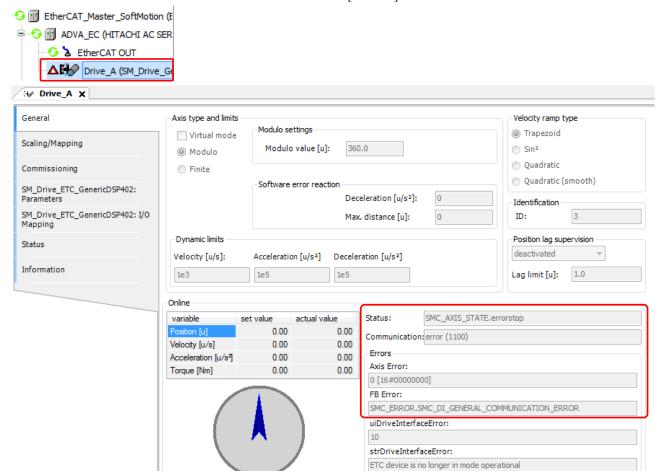


#### (c) Reset operation

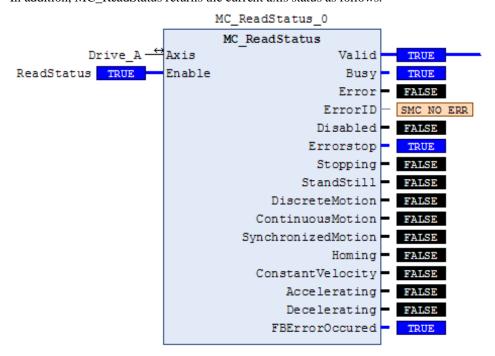
Instead of the FB ETCSlave, communication status can be changed to 'Operational' by manual reset operation from HX-CODESYS. Be noted that CPU stops with this reset operation. The steps to reset are; Login with HX-CODESYS and choose [Online]-[Reset warm]. Then PLC is stopped and network is initialized. Start again manually afterward.

#### Action-4: Check the status of axis

Double click the axis in the device tree and check the status in [General] tab.

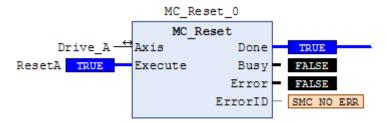


In addition, MC\_ReadStatus returns the current axis status as follows.

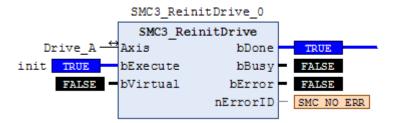


#### Action-5: Reset error

#### (a) MC\_Reset



(b) If it's still 'Errorstop' status, execute SMC3\_ReinitDrive to initialize the axis.



# Appendix Abbreviations

Abbreviations	Text
СоЕ	CANopen over EtherCAT
DC	Distributed Clock
ENI	EtherCAT Network Information
EoE	Ethernet over EtherCAT
ESI	EtherCAT Slave Information
ESM	EtherCAT State Machine
FB	Function Block
FoE	File access over EtherCAT
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
GVL	Global Variable List
PDO	Process Data Object
POU	Program Organization Unit
SDO	Service Data Object
SoE	Servo drive over EtherCAT